HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
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HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
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HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.

Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,838—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1892.

McEWAN'S BEER.
As Supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 55 per Hogshead.
Rs. 28 per Kilderkin.
The Finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia and the East.
AGENTS:—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

INSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
PENINSULAR	3945	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th Sept.
ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	12th "
				Saturday.
ORIENTAL	5345	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.
SIAM	3059	500	H. T. Weighell	1st Oct.
CATHAY	3385	500	A Symons	8th "
ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	15th "
TIBARIS	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	22nd "
SIAM	3059	500	H. T. Weighell	29th "
VALETTA	4919	1100	R. F. Briscoe	5th Nov.
ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	12th "
HIMALAYA	7000	2000	J. Orman	19th "
PENINSULAR	3945	1200	A. C. Loggin	26th "

Steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
Steamer marked B only does not proceed beyond Brindisi.
These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers change there to a Steamer proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.
This vessel proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers change there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by this Steamer.

Circular and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in connection. Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Through Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard Godown before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
The Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only Baggage will be received.
Attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

THROUGH PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Brindisi and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S. S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia transhipped at Colombo.

September 8th. October 20th.
" 22nd. November 3rd.
October 6th. " 17th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, August 16, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
20th Sept. 20th Oct. 17th Nov.

For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 25, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ISTRIA	C. Benhtinger	4,800	750	1st Oct
FELIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Nov.

Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
FOR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
FOR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

DRINKING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON,
1st Class Single and Return, are issued via Trieste, Brindisi and other routes.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and from Venice on the 5th, of each month.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S SECONDARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA BRINDISI, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
	P. Mersa	3,200	500	22nd Sept.
	F. Cossovich	3,800	650	22nd Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
FOR	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
FOR	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamer for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
PRINCESA...R. Doperis	3,800	550	8th Sept.

Calls at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Batavia.
For particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Bombay House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, September 1, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
	3,560	Jas. Laird	17th Sept.
	3,544	C. H. Hillcoat	6th Oct.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The Journey from Marseilles to London occupies 36 hours.
The Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for Second Class Passengers.
Electric Lights are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay Buildings, Bombay, August 31, 1892. Agents.

J. S. COOK AND SON,
AGENTS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
EVERY POSSIBLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths to individual requirements.
RETURN TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available for all routes, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places.
PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, and other Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied to all parts of the World to India.
COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.
REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
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INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident on Passengers' Passage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for Travellers in all parts of the World.
Money issued at the Exchange of the day.
FOREIGN BANK NOTES, &c., bought and sold.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received and repaid.
Rate of interest on application.
DRAFTS, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Money Agency transacted.
Prospectus of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

GRATEFUL COMFORTING!!

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BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See Article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

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PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
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To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on 3rd September, at 10 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on 7th September, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvi, and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 4th September, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Buseh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 2,962 tons, on the 8th Sept., at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd September, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.
SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.
LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.
REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.
PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KING and Co. are met on arrival at—
Plymouth or London.. by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and C.
Liverpool ..... " KING, BAILLIE and C.
And by Special Agents at Marseilles, Genoa, Naples, Brindisi and Trieste.
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CORRESPONDENCE invited, and a Copy of Messrs. Henry S. King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on application, Free of Charge.

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KING, BAILLIE & Co., Liverpool.
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CHRISTENING OR BIRTHDAY GIFTS.
SOLID SILVER CHILD'S MUGS.

THE newest and choicest designs, of various sizes. Plain, Engraved or Chased, in handsome plush Case.
Without or with Knife, Fork, Spoon and Napkin Ring, at specially low prices.
Mugs, only Rs. 40, 44, 50, and 60.
Complete sets, Rs. 50, 68, and 80.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
JEWELLERS, GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres:
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

CLARKE'S
UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its glos s for a long time. It has already been tested by many pers ons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to be autiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months, applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles, or for doz. ots Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S GUARANTEED OINTMENT.
CURE FOR LEPROSY, ETC.

This is the only specific yet discovered for the radical cure of Lepra and other obstinate Skin diseases. Price Rs. 3, and for complete cure Rs. 5, packing extra.

S. N. GHOSH,—Chemist.
Sole Agent in India,
85, Bochoo Chatterjee's Street,
Calcutta.

N.B.—I am guarantee, and I must refund the total amount paid for if the above "Hair Dye" ointment fail to give entire satisfaction.

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LANGHAM HOTEL,
PORTLAND PLACE, REGENT St., LONDON, W.
SITUATED IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE, CONVENIENT, AND HEALTHY
POSITION IN LONDON,
Near the Best Shops, &c.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
MODERATE TARIFF.
MANAGER.—
Mr. WALTER GOSDEN.

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"VICTORIA" SOAPS.

TRADE MARK
SEE WORD
BROWN "VICTORIA" WINDSOR,
WHITE LONDON-PLYMOUTH WINDSOR,
HONEY. On Packet, Box and Tablet. GLYCERINE
UNEQUALLED FOR THE SKIN.
INDISPENSABLE FOR The BOUDOIR. The BATH. The LAVATORY. The HOUSEHOLD.
ASK FOR VICTORIA AND SEE
The WORD on the Packet or Box.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to 12, 6, or 3 months' notice, at rates to be learnt on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
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LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
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HENRY S. KING & CO., London.

THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION, CHICAGO, 1893.

MESSRS. S. J. TELLERY & Co. Have much pleasure in announcing that their Mr. S. J. TELLERY Has been Appointed by the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AS COMMISSIONER TO REPRESENT INDIAN ART-WARE AND ART MANUFACTURES AT THE FORTHCOMING WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION AT CHICAGO, U. S. A., OPENING ON 1st MAY, 1893.

THEY WILL THEMSELVES EXHIBIT, ON A STRIKINGLY LARGE SCALE, INDIAN ART MANUFACTURES IN EVERY BRANCH, FROM ALL PARTS OF INDIA, ON THEIR OWN ACCOUNT AND AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE.

They, therefore, invite Artisans, Manufacturers, and Dealers to make them offers of Consignments of Art-ware of the most superior Finish and Quality, fit for such an Occasion, before the end of OCTOBER NEXT, at the very latest.
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JEWELLERY (of purely Native Designs only) WILL ONLY BE ACCEPTED ON COMMISSION SALE, or for Exhibition at the option of Owners.

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Messrs. Tellery & Co. are willing to purchase or to receive on Commission any scientifically arranged Religious, Instructive, or otherwise Interesting Collection.
They also undertake to arrange with Native States to exhibit separately the Art manufactures of their respective States in their Court.
Messrs. Tellery & Co. will compete for Prizes for such Exhibits only as are *bona fide* manufactured by them.
All Prizes awarded to Goods, not actually manufactured by Messrs. S. J. Tellery & Co., will be awarded to the actual makers.
Messrs. S. J. Tellery & Co. will be glad if District Officials and Private Gentlemen, interested in the furtherance of Indian Art Manufactures and Commerce, will give this Notice as wide a circulation as possible.
For all further information and terms, please apply to—

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PHOTOGRAPHER TO
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.
H. R. H. PRINCE CHRISTIAN AND FAMILY.
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Including 2 Championship Gold Medals and Several Diplomas.
HOURS OF BUSINESS:—
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STUDIO OPEN EVERY DAY.
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MRS. M. C. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE,
25, ARTHUR ROAD,
(Near the Railway Station)
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SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females.
Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated.
CAN BE CONSULTED AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.
CONSULTATION FEE, Rs. 2.
CONVEYANCE WILL BE PAID FOR BY PATIENTS IF CONSULTED AT THEIR RESIDENCES.
☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases and contracts for cure entered into.
The highest references will be furnished, if required, from the Leading Physicians of London, Lahore, Calcutta, and Bombay.

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READY FOR SALE.

KUVALAY and AOJ APPAYYA DIKSHITA, with its Commentary, called RASIKARAIYANI, by the well-known GANGATHARA JAJEPEYR, edited with Ample Notes in Sanskrit, by Pandit R. Halasyanatha Sastriar. This most popular work on Rhetoric, with its rare Commentary, is brought out for the first time in Devenagari Characters in a neat and clear style of Printing, under the Patronage of the Distinguished Gentries of Southern India. As Seer is Seer Ambalavana Deskar of Tirunadu Thural Athoenam. Price, Rs. 2-8.
Apply to the EDITOR, R. Halasyanatha Sastriar, Sanskrit Pundit, Native High School, Kumbakonum.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.
SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived. A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

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i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powders.

HIGHLAND MALT.
A WELL-MATURED SPIRIT, EXCEPTIONALLY MELLOW TO THE TASTE.
Cash, per doz., Rs. 29-12. Credit, per doz., Rs. 33.

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WINE MERCHANTS,
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GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNES.
TREACHER & Co. are the Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency for this fine Wine.

		Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
"EXTRA SUPERIOR DRY," same as shipped to Great Britain	Bottles	70 8	78 0
Do. do.	½ "	40 12	44 0
"FOR INDIA BRAND"	Bottles	62 12	69 4
Do.	½ "	36 4	40 12

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BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
I have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENT in India for
MELACHRINO'S
CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES,
And I am now importing their FINEST BRANDS by EVERY Mail at the following rates:—

Per Tin Box of 100 Cigarettes.

NON PLUS ULTRA.	Rs. a.	FIRST QUALITY.	Rs. a.
No. 2 Medium Extra Fine	5 0	No. 7 Small, for Ladies	3 8
" 1 Large " "	5 12	" 5 Medium	4 0
		" 4 Large	4 12
		" 6 Largest	5 8

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SOLE AGENT.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

THACKER & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY

WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.

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From Customers' own Dies, or from Dies already on hand.
ANY COLOUR.
PER 100 IMPRESSIONS .. .. Annas 8
PER 1,000 " .. .. Rs. 5 0
GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.
PER 100 IMPRESSIONS .. .. Rs. 2 0
PER 1,000 " .. .. " 17 0
GOLD AND COLOURS.
Charges according to amount of work.

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100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate .. .. Rs. 3 0
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THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARDS.
We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates on hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.

To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.
SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.

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A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
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REGIMENTAL CRESTS.—DIES OF ALL BRITISH AND NATIVE REGIMENTS ON HAND.
Estimates and Samples free.

RUBBER STAMPS
Of every description manufactured by a special process, and of a specially prepared Rubber to withstand the Climate.

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Comprising Invitations to Dinners, at Home, Honorary Members, Marriage, Lawn Tennis, Dances.
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☞ TO SMOKERS.
TH. VAFIADIS & CO.'S
HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES AND TURKISH TOBACCO.
PURVEYORS IN CAIRO TO THE KHEDIVIAL FAMILY.
"ALWAYS FRESH AND RELIABLE."

CIGARETTES—
KHEDIVIAL, 50 in a tin box, cash Rs. 6-8-0 per 100.
EXTRA FINE, Grand Format, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 5 per 100.
RAMSES, 25 in a paper box, and 500 in a tin box, cash Rs. 4 per 100.
FLEUR D'ORIENT, 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-8 per 100
"NON PLUS ULTRA," 100 in a tin box, cash Rs. 3-0 per 100.
BEST EGYPTIAN, 100 in a paper box and 6 boxes in a tin box, cash Rs. 2-8 per 100.
TOBACCO,—YENEDJE in ¼ lb. tins, cash Rs. 6-0 per lb.
TURKISH, in ½lb. tins, cash Rs. 4-8 per lb.
CIGARS,—Havanna, Manilla, India, and Burmah

ENGLISH CUT TOBACCO OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
SMOKERS' REQUISITES OF ALL KINDS.

N.B.—As a warning against hideous imitations made by some other firm of the Co.'s renowned and well-known Cigarettes, with similar names and labels, the Public at large is requested to look for a fac-simile of their signature on a loose label immediately above Cigarettes inside the box, and in some cases above the box. None are genuine not bearing the same.

PRICE LISTS FOR SHIPPERS AND MERCHANTS ON APPLICATION TO
TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
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MONSOON HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.
ASSURANCE AGAINST CHILLS.
PURE UNDYED NATURAL WOOL

VESTS.	PANTS.	HALF-HOSE.
3 for Rs. 15 Cash.	3 for Rs. 18 Cash.	½ doz. for Rs. 7-8 Cash.

SIZE OF CHEST, WAIST, AND LENGTH OF FOOT REQUIRED.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

ON EYESIGHT.
WE frequently receive letters which merely say, "Please send me your Sight Test immediately, as I wish to purchase Spectacles." A communication like this necessarily involves delay and correspondence, which a little more explanation might prevent.

Consideration of the following simple conditions will qualify our readers to determine for themselves whether they would derive benefit from the use of Spectacles. If you cannot define objects at a distance, which your friends can see clearly, though your Vision is otherwise acute, there is good reason to suspect that you are shortsighted, and Glasses will remove the disability.

If in order to read a book you are obliged to hold it close to the eyes, and cannot distinguish the letters as much as twelve inches off, while you find difficulty in recognising your friends when you pass them in the street, and objects at no great distance are shadowy and uncertain, you may be tolerably sure that you are nearsighted, and that Glasses will not only improve your sight, but that your eyes will suffer injury by the neglect to wear them.

If the act of reading, easy at first at the distance of twelve inches, becomes difficult after a short continuance, and is then attended by fatigue and distress, the images becoming indistinct and confused, a feeling of aching tension over the eyes, which begin to water, and are after a time incapable of continuing the effort, while it is a relief to direct them to distant objects, which can be clearly seen with comparative ease, if sensations similar to the above occur under the age of thirty-five, far-sight is probably the cause, and the trouble may be entirely removed by the use of Glasses.

At an advanced age, if difficulty in reading begins to be experienced, more particularly by artificial light, at night, if the type can be seen more clearly when the light is strong enough by being held further away from the eyes than formerly, and is indistinct, the letters running into each other, when held only twelve inches off, while distant vision is normal and unimpaired, then we may reasonably assume that failure of accommodation exists, which can be compensated by Glasses.

If the eyes are unpleasantly sensitive to a strong light, or if duty or inclination takes you out of doors in the day time during the summer months, Tinted Glare Glasses may be worn with much advantage, and, if required, they can be supplied with any degree of either negative or positive power.

So much, at least, every person may decide himself without professional help, and to this extent we may fairly hope for success in providing Spectacles properly adapted to correct the existing defect, even though personal consultation is impossible. When any part of the eye is known to be diseased, or other complications are present, personal application should be made to the local Medical Officer.

PRICE LIST AND SIGHT TEST FOR SPECTACLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION TO
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

The "Cream of Scotch Whiskies," and has an enormous sale.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH"
Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome, and of
Per Dozen, Rs. 25.
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST WHISKY IN THE MARKET.

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SPECIAL LOW PRICES FOR CASH.
"AS NOW"
"SUPERIOR"
BLACK TWILLED DRESS CASHMERE, lined Rich Silk,
SUPERFINE BLACK TWILLED DRESS CASHMERE, Rich Satin Linings and Corded Silk Breast Facings..... } Rs. 87-8, 105, 122-8.

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UNADULTERATED, PURE, AND WHOLESOME.

1. WINES, COGNAC AND SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
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WRITE FOR FULLER DETAILS IN EITHER PRESIDENCY TO
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"BAHADUR" CIGARS!!!
THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. Shipped to all climates from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different Shapes and Sizes, so as to meet all Tastes and Requirements.

TRY, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY
"BAHADUR" CIGARS.
SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of	50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	" "	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	" "	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	" "	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	" "	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	" "	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	" "	200

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.
☞ N. B.—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and [illegible] our immediate Personal Supervision.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. PETER'S BOYS' SCHOOL, MAZAGON,

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL

CONCERT,

SEPTEMBER, the 6th, 1892.

PROGRAMME :—

PART I.

Four-Part Song..... The Lark..... Mendelsohn.
Miss SIBBALD, Miss MULLEN, Mr. WITHEY, Mr. WILLMER.

Song..... Hebe ..... Blumenthol
Mr. NIXON.

Pianoforte Solo ..... Love Song..... Gurlitt.
Miss MOSELEY.

Duet ..... Twilight ..... Fabio Campana.
Mrs. SNELL and Mr. EICKE.

Song ..... Golden Love ..... Milton Wellings.
Miss TUDBALL.

Solo, Violin...Grand Duo brillant sur Tannhauser....Wagner.
Miss PEDRAZA.

Song ..... The Deanhe River..... Hamilton Aide
Mr. PAYNE GALLWEY.

Pianoforte Solo ..... La Gazelle ..... Wollenhaupt.
Miss E. COUNSELL.

Song ..... The Way of Life .....Ernest F. de Mattos
Mrs. SNELL.

PART II.

Pianoforte Solo.. Nocturne ..... Leybach.
Miss MOSELEY.

Song ..... Kathleen Mavourneen..... F. N. Crouch.
Miss MULLEN.

Song ..... I fear no Foe..... Pinsuti.
Mr. EICKE.

Violin Solo ..... Romance—Nuits Etoilees ... Papini.
Miss PEDRAZA.

Song ..... Banks of Allan Water ..
Miss TUDBALL.

Song ..... Dolly's Revenge ..... Henry Pontet
Mrs. SNELL.

Song ..... Queen of the Earth ..... Pinsuti.
Mr. NIXON.

Glee ..... Where art thou, beam of light ? Sir H Bishop.
Miss SIBBALD, Miss MULLEN, Mr. WITHEY, Mr. WILLMER.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Doors open at 8-30 p.m. ; to commence punctually at 9 p.m.

TICKETS :—

Reserved Seats, Rs. 2 ; Back Seats, Re. 1 ; Verandah, As. 8.
To be obtained at Mrs. COUNSELL'S, Hornby Row, or at the Mission House, Mazagon.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are informed that owing to a Subsidence having occurred on Gibbs' Road, leaving to Malabar Hill, due to the late HEAVY RAIN an interruption nhas been caused on the Tulsi Main leading to the Malabar Hill Reservoir, and that in consequence there will probably be a reduction of pressure in the Water Mains, and a slight reduction in the Water-supply to the City until the necessary repairs have been effected.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay,
Municipal Offices : Bombay, 2nd September, 1892.

MADON'S

CELEBRATED

CHOLERA ELIXIR.

PROMPT, sure, and never known to fail in all cases of Cholera. Re. 1-4.

F. S. MADON & CO.,

170, SHAIK MEMON St., MARKET, BOMBAY.

TREEPOORAH BHOYROBBY RUSHAYON

IS really a "DYING MAN'S GOLD DROP" for the Radical Cure of Spleen Enlargement, Liver, Jaundice, Ague, Malarious Fever, and any other obstinate fever of any standing.

It has been found of Wonderful Efficacy in every case.

Price Re. 1-8 Per Phial.

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A TRIAL IS SOLICITED.

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41-2, Bagbazar Street, Calcutta.

May also be had of BABOO BORODA PERSAD BOSE, B.A., Sub-Editor, Bunjo Neebasu Press, Calcutta, Bara Nussee Ghosee St.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming against the Estate of PICKERING CLARK, late of Middletown, Connecticut, in the United States of America, who died at Middletown aforesaid on the 1st day of April 1891, and Letters of Administration C. T. A. of whose estate throughout the Bombay Presidency were granted on the 1st day of September 1892, to FRANK CARTWRIGHT REMINGTON, Esquire, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said administrator at the Office of the Bombay Tramway Co., Ld., Colaba Causeway, outside the Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time he will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased, or having property of his in their hands, are required to pay their debts, or to hand over such property to the Administrator.—Dated the 2nd day of September, 1892.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Administrator's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

To the Letters of Administration of the property and effects of BAI DHUNI (wife of CURSETJEE MORARJEE [illegible] late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Deceased.

[illegible], the widow and guardian of [illegible] CURSETJEE SORABJEE, the minor son of the Deceased..... Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness LITTLETON HOLROAKE BAYLEY, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 29th Day of August, in the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-two, and in the Fifty-sixth Year of Our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Acting Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

W. LANE.
The 29th Day of August, 1892.

Messrs. BRAISHANKER AND KANGA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

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OFFICES :—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

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ELECTRIC BELLS,

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CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000
RESERVE FUND and UNDIVIDED PROFITS £143,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS £750,000

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IRELAND ..... National Bank of Scotland. National Bank of Ireland.
AMSTERDAM ..... Hope & Co.
ROTTERDAM..... The Amsterdamsche Bank. Wertheim & Gompertz.
PARIS ..... The Rotterdamsche Bank. André Neuflize & Co.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. When the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no Interest is allowed.

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For shorter periods, terms on application.

Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted on Terms to be ascertained on Application to

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PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a Week, containing Shipping, Departures, Exports, Imports, and all other News. Subscription, Rs. 12 per Year.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the CREDITORS of Mr. FRAMJI CURSETJI THANAWALLA are REQUESTED to SEND in the PRECISE AMOUNT of THEIR CLAIMS to the Undersigned in order to enable them to propose a settlement.

DAPHTARY AND FERREIRA,
Attorneys for the abovenamed Framji Cursetji Thanawalla.
109, Meadow Street, August 31, 1892.

NOTICE.

BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
SHEPHERD AND CO.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Undersigned up to 2 P.M., on THURSDAY, the 15th day of September, 1892, for extension of the present Building, No. 716, situated at Frere Road, to the North.

2.—Form of contract, specification, &c., may on payment of Rs. 2 be obtained from the Undersigned, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

3.—Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500.

4.—The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

HAJEE ISMAIL HASSUM,
SHEPHERD & Co.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of about 604 TONS CAST IRON PIPES, for the Aurangabad Water Works as follows :—

	T
2239 C. I. Pipes 7" dr. 15-32" thick	347
227 C. I. Pipes 8" dr. 1"	43
975 C. I. Pipes 9" dr. 17-32" "	215
	604

The Pipes to be of the kind known as "Socket and Spigot" and to be 9 feet long from the bottom of Socket to top of Spigot. Ends to be turned and bored with the ordinary percentage of pipes with plain ends.

The pipes to be delivered free at Nandgaum Railway Station, G. I. P. Railway, within a period to be agreed upon from date of signing the Contract.

Detailed specification can be had on application to the Undersigned.

All Tenders should be accompanied with a sum of Government Rs. 1,000 in Government Promissory Notes, which will be returned to the unsuccessful Tenderers.

The Tenders should reach this office not later than 22nd September 1892, after which no Tenders will be received.

The Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

D. GAUNTLETT,
Officiating Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, H. H. the Nizam's P. W. Department.
Hyderabad, 30th August, 1892.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Indenture of Trust for the Debenture-Holders of The ALFRED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, dated the 30th day of September, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1892, at 1 of the clock in the afternoon, the Trustees of the abovenamed Indenture, will, pursuant to the power in that behalf vested in them in virtue of the same Indenture, put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in one lot, at the Office of their Solicitors, Messrs. WANU and HORMASJEE, No. 89, Meadows Street, within the Fort of Bombay, the Mill property of the abovenamed Company, consisting of Lands, Buildings and Machinery. The Lands admeasure a total area of 5 acres and 32 goontas or thereabouts, and part thereof is held subject to a perpetual rent charge of Rupees 80 per annum and a yearly fee of Rupees 111-4-6 payable to Government, and part under an under lease from Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, for 99 years, out of which only about 13 years have expired at the yearly rent of Rupees 625. The Machinery consists of 20,114 Spindles, 3 Boilers and 2 Engines, one of 20 Nominal Horse Power, and one of 30 Nominal Horse Power, and 150 Looms, all by well known makers, and all other requisite plant and accessories for a Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mill. The premises may be viewed during day time on application to Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Co., at Broach, and for further particulars and conditions of sale apply after the 15th August next, at the Office of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, within the Fort, or at the Office of the said Solicitors.—Dated Bombay, this 20th Day of July, 1892.

HERBERT R. GREAVES,
For Self and Co-Trustees.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK, and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers-of-Attorney supplied.

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GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

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WONDERFUL RING.

GOOD Morning, Gentlemen.—Do you wish to prevent premature death from diseases ? Then ask at once for Esenjee's Wonderful Ring. It cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Piles, Liver Complaints within a short period, and rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation and Hysteria, and it keeps the blood free from all diseases by putting it only on the finger of the left hand. I can strongly state as a means of preserving and restoring health it is unequalled, as it has been used by the several European Ladies and Gentlemen with great success, for which I hold several unsolicited testimonials. It is most wonderful discovery of the day. I have no hesitation in stating before the public that an household should not be without it. Its price is also very little, only Re. 1-8, including packing and postage, &c. Apply to

DR. B. ESENJEE,
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LAWRENCE'S VALUABLE HAIR DYE.

THIS Preparation has been made with great success and thoroughly recommended for its use. It is a great remedy for Baldness, from whatever cause arising. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its Original Color for a long time, and at whatever Age. Warranted not to stain the Skin. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown, according to choice given.

Price Rs. 2-8. Packing extra.

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COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty) No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium Morphia, nor any violent Drug. May be taken by the most Delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Of all Chemists, in small Tins.

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THE
POOR MAN'S FRIEND.
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SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D.) is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for Wounds of every description, Chilblains, Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.

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FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.

SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula, Scorbutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck ; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.

They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 8 ; with Postage, Rs. 8-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

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6 Carte D' Visite, Full.....	3	0	6 Cabinet, Full	6	0
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For any other Size it is so Cheap that no Firm could give it at the same Price.

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THE ONLY REMEDY for NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression, is

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.

The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure

ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,

H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD.,

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.

Dr. KIRBY says : "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion ; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. " is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.

For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.

This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 12), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.

This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 34), containing 1-33rd gro Phosphorus.

The Extract in this pill is made from the True Damiana Plant (" *Turnera Aphrodisiaca* "), and is a valuable aid of Phosphorus when required as a remedy for impotence.

The above may be obtained from our appointed Agents in Bottles, 3/-, 5/- and 10/- each (English money the 10/-Bottle containing sufficient for a course of four weeks. Two 10/-Bottles may be obtained direct from our laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting us a Post Office order for 21/-.

AGENTS : CALCUTTA—SMITH, STANISTREET & Co. ; BOMBAY AND POONA—TREACHER & Co., Limited ; BOMBAY—F. S. MADON & Co. ; ALLAHABAD—LYELL & Co. ; MADRAS—E. W. SMITH & Co. ; UMBALLA & KASAULI—BALL, HOBSON & Co. ; RANGOON—DE SOUZA & Co. ; SIMLA AND LAHORE—E. PLOMER & Co.

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FOR SEPTEMBER 1892.

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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
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LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

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"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in ill debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised ; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

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DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co. ; and having under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

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OFFERED BY THE

UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE.

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The Bonuses are paid annually, and can be taken in reduction of Premium, or added to the Sum Assured.

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OF THE

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LIFE OFFICE :

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NEW BUSINESS DURING 1891 :

2,416 Life Proposals for Rs. 75,40,316.

FUNDS INCREASED LAST YEAR BY

Rs. 8,49,769-6-10.

TOTAL BUSINESS.

Over 347 Lakhs of Rupees.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that an Assurance of Rs. 5,000 (under the Company's NEW PLAN) may generally be secured for the Yearly Payment, which usually would be charged for Rs. 3,000 only. NINETY PER CENT. OF THE PROFITS ARE DIVIDED amongst the Assured every three years.

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THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE

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1.—HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to Seven and a half Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

GEORGE OLIVER, Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.	
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£	3,000,000
The GENERAL INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl. RESERVE FUND.,	"	3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M	6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	7,500,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	6,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., of 1877, CAPITAL	"	2,600,000
The BALOISE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Frs	10,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL.....	"	1,000,000
The NETHERLANDS-INDIA SEA & FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	"	2,250,000

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The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL, incl. RESERVE FUND	£	3,000,000
The NEW SWISS-LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL.	Frs	4,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Fl	3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	"	2,000,000
The BAVARIAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE Co., Ld., CAPITAL ...	M	4,000,000

The FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer all FACILITIES and most FAVOURABLE TERMS. Rates and other particulars can be obtained on application.

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Absolute Security Funds now exceed ...£8,486,434

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" 1880 .....£938,078
" 1885 .....£936,107
" 1891 .....£1,607,030

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

POLICIES graded by the Undersigned without reference to Head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL EMPLOY have extra Premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at Fixed Periods or Adults and Children on very Favorable Terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ Per Cent.

REDUCTION to EUROPEAN RATES when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

ACCUMULATED LIFE AND ANNUITY FUNDS now amount to £4,546,577

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS..£7,894,357

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1881.....£4,573,239 | 1891 .....£7,894,357
1886.....£5,872,041 |

Increase of Funds in 10 years £3,221,068

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
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Hummum Street.

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THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL $2,000,000
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RESERVE FUND .....$ 223,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL $1,750,000

HEAD OFFICE :
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BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED :
ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS....2½ Per Cent. Per Annum on the Minimum Weekly Balances."
ON FIXED DE

MBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

...ne.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
...BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
... Bom...	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,005
...	40,000	400	all	9 pr. ct.	1,020
...	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	980
...	100,000	250	all	5 pr. ct.	110
...	40,000	250	238	7 pr. ct.	238
...	30,000	625	625	5 pr. ct.	300
...	80,000	125	all	15 pr. ct.	254
...	40,000	625	612½	6 pr. ct.	180
...	80,000	250	all	6 pr. ct.	Nil
...	...	...	...	...	...

PRESS COMPANIES.

...Sinning	200	1,250	1,250	Yearly 75	1,200
...	100	500	all		450
...	200	1,100	1,100	18 pr. ct.	980
...	750	2,400	2,400	20	300
...	167	1,000	1,000	Nil. 40	122
...Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	125
...Cawas... Press	600	200	200	10	135
...h City Co., Ltd.	600	200	all	16	220
...	600	1,800	1,800		300
...	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd. 130	365 1,450
...	498	25	25		175
...	514	2,500	2,500	Rs. 20	85
...	300	500	all	100	850
...	450	500	500	50	455
...	750	500	all	50	1581
...	250	450	450	224	475
...				64	555
...	300	500	500		130
...	1,000	125	125	74 pr. ct.	85
...	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	924
...	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	472½
...	1,200	500	500	Rs. 55	2 0
...	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12	655
...	100	500	500		1274
...	500	500	75	20	405
...	300	500	500	20	500
...	100	1,000	1,000	6	500
...	430	2,000	750	135	1,150
...Spinning Woollen Mills...	1,200	233	250	35	445
...Burn City Press Co., Ltd...	375	200	all	75	210
...Velkart ...	...	1,000	100	Rs. 100	245

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

...Ahmedabad ...	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,40
...Alliance ...	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	490
...Anglo-India...	1,385	100	100	5	85
...Bellary S & W Co., Ld. (Bellary) ...	871	0	all	9 per ct.	500
...Bombay United ...	900	1,00	1,000	25	500
...Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co...	600	500	500	20	300 xd
...Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld...	500	1,000	1,000	...	350 nom.
...Britannia Mills...	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	800
...Central India...	1,000	500	500	40	1,185
...China Mills Co. Ld...	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	550
...City of Bombay Mills ...	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,090
...Connaught Mills ...	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	715
...Colaba Land & Mill ...	4,000	700	700	124	655
...Coorla Mills ...	800	1,000	1 000	Rs. 30	445
...Dhoral Mills Co. Ld...	5,698	10	10	45%	457½
...David Mill ...	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	412½
...Dhanji Mills...	2,000	1,000	1,000	50	825
...Express ...	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	640 xd.
...Ganjoo Petit...	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	510
...Gordon Mills...	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	145
...Hindustan ...	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	760
...Hing u ghat Mill ...	700	500	500	40	660
...Howard ... and ...				25	
...Bullough ...	1,000	500	500	Rs. 5	680
...Hyderabad ...	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,025
...Imperial Cotton ...	900	500	500	...	385
...Indian Manfg. ...	500	1,000	1,000	Rs.	1,080
...James Greaves ...	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	980 xd.
...Jaffer Alli ...	900	500	500	Nil	340
...Jamshed Manufacturing Co. ...	1,800	250	250	12½	2131
...Jawraz Baloo ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830
...Jubilee Mills Co., Ld....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
...Kandeish ...	750	1,000	1,000	30	655
...Kamani ...	400	250	250	Nil	7.0
...Kesowji ...	1,000	1,000	1 000	Rs. 20	530
...Khatau ...	3,000	100	100	15 pr. ct.	1810 xd
...Kilachand ...	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
...Kohinoor ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,147½
...Kurla ...	350	1,000	1 000	500	2,350
...Lakshmi ...	600	1,000	1 000	Nil	415
...Madhowji ...	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	500 nom
...Maneckji ...	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,527½
...Manockji ...	5,000	0	250	6	122½
...Manchester ...	1,950	1,000	1,000	70	1,900
...Mazagon ...	4,50	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
...Meyer ...	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
...Mill ...	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	100
...Mirzapore ...	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	650
...Mofatlal ...	4,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	445
...Morarjee ...	743	1,000	1,00	Rs. 50	1,200
...Muir ...	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	780
...Mutlow ...	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,100
...Nagpur ...	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,455
...Nesbit ...	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,240
...Oriental ...	750	1,000	1,000	35	325
...Pandoria ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	110
...Pearl ...	1,212	250	250	12½	305
...Phoenix ...	1,200	250	250	12½	225
...Prabhat ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	900
...Premier ...	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	507½
...Ravi ...	800	1,000	1,000	50	620
...Sassoon ...	3,200	1,000	1,000	25	360
...Shamrock ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	740
...Standard ...	900	1,000	1,000	...	740
...Swadeshi ...		1,000	1,000	...	500

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
...ch ...	1,000	200	200	10	260
...ha ...	500	50	50	15	74
...Co. ...	5,000	100	100	12	40
...ress ...	6,625	200	185	10	92
...Mills ...				18	42
...ing ...	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100 nom.
...Co. ...	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
...ur ...	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,175
...ar ...	500	375	625	67½	1,040
...Ld. ...	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	84
...and ...	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
...ing ...	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	850
...Co. ...	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
...per ...	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	385
...Northindia ...	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
...Mills ...	500	100	70		70 nom.
...Ld. ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	16
...and ...	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	102
...ing ...	4,000	200	175	20	305
...Co. ...	500	500	300	30	130
...Co. ...	3,5 0	100	100	Nil.	30
...Co. ...	500	100	100	Rs. 10	884
...Co. ...	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	50
...ndry ...	1,000	100	200	...	60
...Govt. ...					
...Ltd. ...	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	185
...Co....	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
...Co. ...	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	80 xd.
...ce ...		6,000	1,000	1,000	20
...Co....		250	8,00	1,000	N dvd.
...Co....		2,500	100	100	...
...Co....		1,000	100	100	9
...and ...	Ord.	1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.
...Co. ...	Prf.	1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.
...Co ...		2,000	100	all	60
...Co....		1,500	100	100	10
		9,200	25	25	Rs. 1

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

			Last half-yearly guar.		
...Con... ...n Coal Co	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2.400
...E. I. R.	...	£18		do.	

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

...Bar Gold ...	Rs.	26-2	
...ar ...	"	25-12	Nominal.
...Bar Gold old ...	"	25-8	"
...do. new ...	"	25-4	"
...do. do. ...	"	25-14	
...do. do. ...	"	25-14	
...Sovereigns ...	"	16-3	
...Dranos...	"	16-2	
...er 17 Bestless...	"	109-7	
...174 do. ...	"	109-10	
...Dollars ...	"	193	Nominal
...n do. ...	"	2-5	"
...ence ...	"	221	"

The most northern newspaper in the world is the "Nordkap," published at Hammerstein. The editor and his assistants work in a small wooden house roofed with turf. News arrives to the "Nordkap," not by telegram but by the mail-boat, and the world's events reach the Hammersteiners very late, generally after eight days. The paper is published, as we learn from the "Vossische Zeitung," only once a week, so that the news is not unfrequently a fortnight old. Much time is also lost in sending copies by boat to the different subscribers living on the shores of the various fiords. Some subscribers fetch their newspapers themselves, and pay for them in kind, that is by herrings and other fish.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gun Club Meet, Love Grove, Worli, 4-30 p.m.
Back Bay Baths, Roughton Cup Race.
Aryan Social Union, Weekly Meeting, 8-30 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Eiolis, Sabarmati, and Gwalior entered the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi and Sind, direct per extra s. s. Kaparthala, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 9 a.m., to-day, the 3rd instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, and Zanzibar, per extra s. s. Safari, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 a.m., on Sunday, the 4th instant.

BAD WEATHER AT SEA.—The barque Da Capo, of 293 tons, which left Bombay harbour on the 31st ultimo for Port Natal, under the command of G. Velthans, put back yesterday on account of the bad weather.

PASSENGERS BY THE MAIL.—We are desired to correct an inaccuracy in yesterday's list of passengers by the mail. For Mr. Desborough and two children, the line should have read Mrs. Desborough and two children.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE UNION.—The first annual general meeting of the donors and subscribers of the Union will be held under the presidency of Principal Oxenham this afternoon, at 1 p. m., in the College Hall, for the purpose of receiving the annual report and to record the Union's satisfaction at the nomination of Mr. Justice Telang to the Vice-Chancellorship of the University.

THE TROUBLES OF MESSRS. SOUTHWELL AND AUSTIN, LIMITED.—At the Esplanade Police Court Mr. Piper appeared before Mr. Cooper, and stated to his Worship that he did not wish to be the complainant against Mr. Neill, if the latter did not proceed against him (Mr. Piper); and, therefore, he had not had the summons served against Mr. Neill. Under the circumstances Mr. Piper asked for a postponement of the case. The Magistrate adjourned the case until Wednesday next, and ordered that summonses should be served on both the parties before that day.

FATAL FALL FROM A TREE.—Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, held an inquest at Dadur, on the body of Ganesh Rutnoo, aged 22 years, a toddy-drawer, residing at Purbhadevi Road. On Wednesday evening the deceased with some other toddy-drawers came to the toddy cart. He went up five or six trees and brought down the toddy. Afterwards Ganesh climbed a cocoanut palm, but before he had gone up about half the tree, he accidentally missed his footing, and fell from a height of about forty feet. His brother, who was near him, ran to his assistance. The deceased said that he had a pain and consequently missed his footing and fell down. He was immediately taken home where he died the next day. The jury recorded a verdict of death from injuries received by a fall from a toddy-tree.

DROWNED IN A POOL OF WATER.—An inquest was held at Tardeo, yesterday morning, by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, on the body of Babajee Raghu, about 40 years of age, a milk-man, residing at Arthur Road. The deceased, it appeared, was addicted to drink. Thursday being the Gowri holiday, Babaji was in drink, and at about 7 o'clock he left his place and went to his brother's shed, where he remained for some time. He then wanted to go to his buffaloes, which were in a stable opposite his place. There was a large pool of rain-water collected near the stable. The deceased tried to go through the water, though he was asked by his brother not to venture therein. He went about three-quarters of the way, where there was a depth of about ten feet of water. He could not retrace his steps and sank there. The body was recovered about an hour afterwards. A verdict of accidental drowning was recorded.

A DISHONEST TENANT.—At the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, a European, named Edgar Joseph Stewart, aged 28, a clerk, was charged with stealing, on the 1st instant, a wooden table, valued at Rs. 2, belonging to Sumbalsing Sugramsing. It appeared that the accused had rented a room in a chawl owned by the complainant's master. The table belonged to Karim, another tenant in the same chawl. Stewart used to mess with Karim, but lived in a separate room, with one MacNaughton. Karim went to Poona a week ago, and gave his room in charge of the Pardasi Sumbalsing, who put on his own lock to the room. Stewart opened the lock on Thursday and took away the table, which he then pawned with a Marwaree. The accused, in his defence, stated that the table was his. He had lent it to Karim about a month back for his use. A week ago Karim went away, and on Thursday the accused went to his room, which was open and took away the table. He then pawned it to a Marwaree for ten annas, but denied having forced open the door. The Magistrate remarked that it was clear that Stewart had stolen the table, and that he had no evidence to prove it belonged to him. His Worship, therefore, convicted the accused of the charge, and sentenced him to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY HOSPITALS.

THE annual reports on the Administration and Progress Report on the civil medical institutions in the City of Bombay for the year are thus reviewed in a Government Resolution to hand last evening:—

The number of civil medical institutions working in the Presidency town during 1891 was 10; the opening of the Leper Asylum at Matunga and the inclusion for the first time of the statistics of the Police Hospital account for the increase over the number reported in last year.

2. The number of patients treated was 109,372, of whom 93,213 were out-door and 16,159 in-door patients. The increase of 9,959, as compared with the figures for 1890, is partly due to the addition of the two hospitals mentioned above, but a general increase is observable in all the hospitals. There were 74 cases of cholera and 47 of small-pox against 29 and 14 respectively in the previous year, and cases of malarial fever rose from 10,238 to 13,273. With the exception of venereal affections the other diseases show no marked variations. The Surgeon-General reports a steady increase in the admissions from venereal disease; and that the type of the disease has also changed in its severity and virulence. He considers that it may fairly be inferred that the increase in numbers and in the virulence of these diseases has resulted from the abolition of the Contagious Diseases Act in the City of Bombay.

3. The total expenditure is given as Rs. 4,12,792. This includes, however, certain recoveries, and sums received for hospital stoppages, which have been credited to Government. The net expenditure, after deducting the above amounts, was Rs. 3,82,982, and it is satisfactory to observe that the percentage paid by Government was perceptibly less than in 1890. The cost of maintaining a patient for a year varied from Rs. 1,193 in the European General Hospital to Rs. 394 in the Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital. The former figure seems very high, even after making allowances for the large expenditure on establishment, and it is observed that the cost of each diet has risen considerably in the last two years.

4. Government concur in the commendation bestowed by the Surgeon-General on Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel Gray for his management of the Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital.

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA GOLF CLUB, NASIK.

THE following is the programme of the Annual Tournament, 1892:—

Monday, 12th September.—Morning.—Practice. Evening, 4 p.m.—Driving competition. 1st Prize—A Silver-mounted Driver. The best aggregate of 3 Drivers to win. In drives to count, the ball must lie between the flags. 2nd Prize—Half-a-dozen A 1 Golf Balls.

Tuesday, 13th September.—Morning, 7 a.m.—Surgeon-Major Clarkson's Prize (Handicap). Evening, 3 p.m.—General Meeting.

Wednesday, 14th September.—Morning, 7 a.m.—Bombay Gymkhana Cup (Handicap). Evening, 4 p.m.—First ties of Foursome (Scratch).

Thursday, 15th September.—Morning, 7 a.m.—President's Cup (Handicap). Evening, 4 p.m.—Second ties of Foursome (Scratch).

Friday, 16th September.—Morning, 7 a.m.—R. W. I. Golf Club Cup (Scratch). Evening, 4 p.m.—Final ties of Foursome (scratch).

Saturday, 17th September.—Morning, 7 a.m.—Allied pairs. Evening, 6 p.m.—Distribution of Prizes.

Entrance fee for each event, except the Foursome, Rs. 2 each player; for the Foursome, Rs. 5 each player. A second prize of Rs. 5, the entrance money and a third prize of Rs. 3 will be given in each event except the Foursome, provided there are more than 10 entries. If there are less than 10 entries there will be no third prize; and if less than 8, no second prize. In the Foursomes the entrance money will be divided equally between the winning couple. Each event in the morning will be decided by 2 rounds of the links. Each event in the evening by one round, but in the final tie of the Foursome 2 rounds will be played. All entrance fees must be paid to, and entrances lodged with, the Honorary Secretary, by 6 P.M. of the day preceding the particular competitions. The Club's Golf Medal will be given for the best average of four rounds, and the Club's silver Medal for the best single round; but no medal will be given if the best average or the best score, as the case may be, exceed a certain limit to be fixed by the Committee at the time of the meeting with reference to the state of the links. Only rounds played in prize competitions will count. All matches will be played under the rules of the Club. Only Members of the Club are, under the rules, allowed to compete in any of the Tournament competitions. The Committee reserve to themselves the right of making any change in this programme that they may consider necessary. There will be a pool on each day's play.

W. G. BETHAM,
Hon. Secy., R. W. I. Golf Club.

NASIK, August.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Col W James, Poona
* Captn W H Trethewy, Bareilly
* Mr F Evans, Madras
* Miss Evans, Madras
Mr W H Marks, London
Mr C P Johnson, do
Mr G I Perram, do
* Captn Hedingham, do
* Mr J Garratt, do
Lieut and Mrs W Hudson, B S C, Hyderabad (Deccan)
* Mr A Elliott, Amraoti
* Mr E D Sampson, Bombay
Mr A E Ladd, Bangalore
Mr and Mrs J Neilson, Bombay
Surg-Lt-Col F Lyons, Satara
Mr J Macdonald, Poona
Mr C Nordlinger, Bombay
Mr W F Hamilton, do
Mr A Brawn, do
Mr T F Wood, do
Mr M Bressuer, do
Mr C R Brendon, do
Lt C M Cockcroft, do
Mr F F Pickard, IM, do
Mr G W Terry, do
Mr H J Miles, do
Lt L Mathias do
Mr J M Heyn, do
Mr L Von Bibra, do
Mr T Anderson, do
Mr J J Gazdar, B-at-L do
Dr M Barnhart, MD, do
* Lt A C Tucker, Madras
* Mr G Sharvell, London
* Lt J Midgley, R N, do

Residents left during the week marked thus (*)

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

MURDER OF A MONEY-LENDER.

EMPERAMBIX VS. MALU JIVA AND BHOGA RAMBANG.

THIS was a reference by Mr. G. McCorkell, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in the case of the two accused, who were charged with murder. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty by a majority of three to two; but the Sessions Judge, disagreeing with the verdict, made the reference to the High Court. Mr. G. M. Tripathi appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The two prisoners were charged with murder by causing the death of Khemchand Girdhar by inflicting injuries with a sharp instrument. The case rested entirely on the confessions of the accused. The first accused stated in his confession that he, the second accused, and four other men killed the deceased, who was using abusive language against his mother and daughter the whole day near his house. He had brought attachments to the houses and locked them. "We were greatly provoked," he continued, "and so we had to kill him. We had assembled in the house of Bana Madha in our village. Khema Girdhar had come to our village when the sun had advanced a rope high, and he stood in the street. He came and used abusive language, and seeing the houses locked, he went towards Koth. We then thought: 'let us kill him when he comes back that he may not oppress in this way?' After having resolved in this way, we six men went to our respective houses; and after taking our meals, assembled again at the house of Bagdanla. I had a hatchet, and Bhoga had a knife and a stick, and the rest had sticks. Khemchand came back from the direction of Koth when the sun was two ropes high in the afternoon, and went and met a marriage party and came in the village. He afterwards went towards Simaj. I, Bhoga, and Bana went ahead by another way and sat behind a hedge, while three of our party followed him. When Khemchand came up Kala caught him in his arms, and Dahya struck him with a stick on the back. He fell down, and I struck him with the hatchet near the left ear twice. Bhoga sat upon his chest and struck him with a knife on the right side. He then became cold and died, and we all ran away. We went to the village separately. When the chief constable came, I admitted having killed Khemchand and gave the names of the other men who were with me." The second accused said that the deceased had money dealings with them, and as he troubled them, they were obliged to kill him. The first accused struck him three blows on the left side, the left ear, and the neck; and the second accused confessed to striking him with the knife on the throat on the right side, when he became cold and died. In order to corroborate the confessions, the police traced the actions both of the deceased and the accused on that day. Evidence was adduced to show that the deceased was seen in company with the accused, and that the first accused was disputing about a certain house which had originally belonged to the first accused's ancestors, but which had been sold up and bought by the deceased. A witness deposed to having met the accused and four other men, in two groups of three each, on the road to Simaj, while another witness, who was returning from Simaj, stated that he saw the two accused and four other men in the road; that immediately on his coming up, they ran away; and that when he looked over the bridge he saw the corpse, but was too much frightened to tell any one. Another man saw the first accused in the evening coming from the direction of Simaj with a hatchet.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty by a majority of three to two, which, in the opinion of the Sessions Judge, was eminently unsatisfactory, as both the accused, he thought, should have been convicted of murder. Their confessions were clear and distinct. The evidence adduced by the prosecution and the confessions mutually corroborated and supported each other.

Their Lordships, on consideration of the evidence and the arguments of the pleaders, convicted both the accused of murder and sentenced each of them to transportation for life.

A DOCTOR'S ATTENDANCE FEES.

DR. G. F. GONSALVES VS. THERESA PEREIRA.

THIS was an argument of a rule nisi obtained by the plaintiff, requiring the defendant to show cause why the decree of the Subordinate Judge of Thana, dismissing his suit, should not be set aside. Mr. G. K. Deshmukh appeared for the plaintiff and appellant; and Mr. K. R. Daftari, of Messrs. Daftari and Ferreira, appeared for the defendant and respondent.

The plaintiff's claim was for Rs. 123. The defendant's son having been ill in October, 1890, it was said to have been agreed between the parties that the plaintiff should examine and visit him until his recovery, and that defendant should pay the plaintiff his fees in respect of the same. Plaintiff attended at the house of the son for the first time on the 26th October, 1890, and thereafter gave his attendance from day to day till the 15th December, 1890. As an operation had to be performed upon the boy, the plaintiff, at the request of the defendant, called Dr. F. Gonsalves, of Bandora, and holding a consultation with him, got him to assist at the operation for the fixed sum of nine rupees. The defendant's contention was that she did not call the plaintiff to her house to examine her son, nor did he ever come to her house. The son died afterwards, and the plaintiff's bill was not sent till five months after his death.

Mr. K. N. Kber, the Subordinate Judge, dismissed the claim with costs.

Mr. Deshmukh, for the plaintiff, contended that the evidence proved the contract alleged by his client.

Mr. Daftari argued on the other side that there was no contract whatever on the part of his client to pay for Dr. Gonsalves' attendance; and that the rule should therefore be discharged.

Their Lordships after hearing the arguments of the advocates, discharged the rule with costs.

WOUNDING A MOTHER-IN-LAW.

IMPERATRIX VS. LUKSHMON BIN NINOO.

This was an appeal from a decision of Mr. H. F. Aston, Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri, who, on the 1st ult., found the accused guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt to his mother-in-law, and sentenced him to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused admitted that he slapped his mother-in-law, Savitri, giving as an excuse that he believed she was detaining his wife. In the opinion of the Sessions Judge, the evidence was clear that the accused attacked Savitri and inflicted on her half a dozen wounds on her head with a bill hook, of which the scars were visible after four months had elapsed, and which were serious enough to keep her confined to bed for much more than twenty days. Looking to the weapon used by the accused, the Sessions Judge was satisfied that the accused intended to cause the grievous hurt which he in fact did cause with a dangerous weapon.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of the evidence, rejected the appeal.

THE LOSS OF THE ANGLIA.

THE following is the remainder of the evidence given at the Marine Court of Enquiry on the loss of the steamer Anglia in the Hooghli:—Mr. Samuel Remfry Elson said: He was the pilot in charge of the Anglia on the day she went ashore. He was a Branch Pilot. He did not think the Anglia was a crank ship. She seemed a stiff ship, as most ships are with a Calcutta cargo. She had coals on deck, and it was possible that if this were not so and the tanks were full, she might have righted. But on the other hand the tide was running very strong. He passed the Jellingham Channel about 20 or 30 yards from the vessel's starboard bow. Before he got to the buoy he eased the engines down and sent all hands to their stations. He then stopped the engines to allow the vessel to drift away from the patch of sands to the port. When he saw the ship was quite clear from the position of the buoys around he put the helm hard-a-starboard. The ship had hardly any way but sufficient to answer her helm. When she got her head about S. E. the leadsman called out "4 less 5." The vessel suddenly heeled to starboard and fell over completely on her starboard side, submerging the funnel and masts. The accident being so sudden there was no time for any orders to be given to let go anchors or do anything. Everyone had to scramble for his life on the port side of the hull. He attributed the accident to the vessel striking her bottom against some obstruction in the bed of the river. It might have been a sand-bank suddenly formed, or a wreck or anything else. He expected to find deep water there.

To the President: He went off to the Goa by the last boat but one. In his opinion it was not possible to save the men in the forecastle.

To Mr. MacNair: The tide was very strong: about 5 or 6 knots.

To Captain Bullock: He turned the vessel as he had always done at that anchorage. It was the customary way of turning all vessels at that anchorage at the state of the tides at the time. The vessel capsized so quickly that there was barely time to finish a sentence.

To Mr. MacNeir: When he commenced to turn he was about quarter mile ahead of the Jemtee Jellingham buoy. He judged of his position, before starboarding the helm, by the lower Mud Point buoy, the centre Western Jellingham buoy and the centre Jelling ham buoy, which he had just passed. Assuming the position of the wreck as marked in the map with red, to have got there he would have had to starboard his helm somewhat earlier than he did about 2 or 3 minutes, and must have had a good deal more way on the vessel; another knot and a-half at least.

He had been in the service since 1861, and a Branch Pilot for the past 18 years. He had never lost a vessel since he had been a Pilot except this one. He always took this course when going to anchor.

To Mr. MacNair: The map (produced: marked B) was in his possession when he left on the *Anglia*. He got it from the Port Office, and worked the vessel by it. When he was coming up on the *Rescue* the following day he fixed the position of the wreck by taking the bearings. He noticed that the wreck was not in the same position as on the previous day, because he found the buoys were not at right angles as they appeared when he was on the wreck.

Mr. Wilson tendered two witnesses as experts, but Mr. Kilby did not think it was necessary and closed the inquiry.

The President intimated that the usual report would be sent to Government in due course.

AMONG the latest arrivals at the Insect House at the Zoological Gardens are a couple of large Brazilian spiders, each of which is accommodated in a separate apartment. This isolation is necessary, for fear of misunderstandings which would very probably arise were they able to see each other otherwise than darkly through intervening glass. Even if they proved to be of opposite sexes, the softer passion would not be a sufficiently restraining influence; for the female spider is apt to love her mate so well that she can, and does often, eat him. These are the celebrated bird-eating spiders of Madam Merian, whose stories, unlike many travellers' tales, have in this instance proved true. The spiders are not provided with birds to eat at the Zoo, though Mr. Bates assures us that they do hunt for such large game in their native wilds; they have to content themselves with cockroaches and an occasional newborn mouse, upon which one of them made a hearty meal an evening or two since.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

AMERICA is taken strict precaution with a view to presenting the introduction of cholera, the few of which has created a panic in Wall-street.

THE London and General Brook, Finsbury has suspended payment, the liabilities stated at £800,000.

COLONEL YANOFF's letter to the Governor of Badakshan was, it appears, written both in the Russian and Turki languages. It may prove to be a historical document, so it will be carefully preserved by the Government of India.

THE Bishop of Madras will pay a visit to Hyderabad some time in December, and will hold the usual Confirmation Services at Secunderabad and Chudderghaut. From Hyderabad his Lordship will probably make a short tour in the Berars.

LAST week's Season Report for Madras evidences great improvement in the agricultural outlook. The rainfall has been good throughout, and in some parts has been somewhat harmfully excessive. Prices of food grain have fallen greatly throughout the affected tracts. The numbers on relief works have fallen to 14,000 from 18,000 the previous week. All relief works have now been closed in the Central Districts.

CAPTAIN SHERSTON, 18th Hussars, will go with Lord Roberts' mission as galloper. Various regiments are rumoured to have been warned to hold themselves in readiness for mobilisation; among others the Lincolnshire Regiment and 7th Dragoons, the former being under orders for Singapore and the latter stationed at Mhow. The rumours show how widespread the anticipation of the movement of troops has become.

IT is not generally known that there are good eatable mushrooms found in the Punjab. But in nearly every station after the abundant rains, and, also the warm, stuffy vapour laden evenings and nights, mushrooms may be gathered most mornings.

MRS. SHAW, *la belle sifflé se*, is winning golden opinions in Colombo, where she has whistled before the Governor and the public. Mrs. Shaw will, it is said, visit India before proceeding to Australia.

RECENTLY there were 56 houses reported unsafe in the Lahore city by the police and the Municipal offic als of Lahore to the Deputy Commissioner. The latt r directed the four native judicial officers to inspect the tenements rendered weak through excessive rain and to exercise their magisterial powers in ordering their destruction. The jurisdiction has saved the further loss of life, which would almost certainly have occurred if the houses had been allowed to stand.

OPUNTIAS, or prickly pears, may become exceedingly useful to Londoners if their power as a palliative of rheumatism, a malady which, it seems, is increasing rapidly among English people, be as great as some travellers claim for it. From information contained in the "Kew Gardens Bulletin," it appears that the Mexicans, who are thoroughly acquainted with the properties of the fruit, use it in the form of a poultice for the relief of this painful affliction. The leaf is partially baked or toasted, one of the outer skins is then removed, and the inter or pulp minced small with a knife. This is heated to the highest point the patient can bear, and applied to the part affected. Excellent results follow in Mexico; and it may be that they would be the same in England, where the plant is cultivated to a certain extent.

IN connection with the heliograph, Mr E. Wood writes to a home paper:—Henry Mance—and myself are pleased to say, Sir Henry Mance—and myself are the inventors of the heliograph. When working out the experiment we were living on a desert point of Baluchistan bordering on the Persian Gulf. The idea is as old as the hills, but we adopted the telegraphic morse code, which has been accepted by the Government. The only means we had at the time to work out our invention was a common-looking glass, and with that we perfected the system. Ill-health compelled me to return home, but Sir Henry stuck to his post and hobby, and has since had his services acknowledged by the Ind an Government.

Truth again condemns what it terms "the War Office trick" of informing a N.C.O., recommended for commission, that his promotion will be "accelerated" if he is prepared to forego his allowance of £100 for outfit. Since my original reference to it, Mr. Labouchere says, I have heard enough of additional instances of the same proceeding to show that it is a common practice. I find, further, that after men have been induced by this means to surrender their legitimate claims, they commonly find that they have gained no thing in the way of acceleration—an example of perfidy considerably above the usual official standard. Some fourteen months back, a Sergeant in a Cavalry regiment was induced to forego his outfit allowance in this way, and up to the end of last month the promised "acceleration" of his promotion had not led to any visible result. In three other instances that have come to my knowledge, men have been waiting four or five months without witnessing the "acceleration" for which they have practically agreed to pay £100.

A NAVEL safety balloon, possessing several valuable features, has recently been patented by Lieutenant-General Sir William A. Fyers, K.C.B. The balloon is in the shape of an open hollow ring, divided into a series of gas-tight compartments, so that in the event of a rupture of one of these compartments by a rifle bullet or flaw in the material, the remaining compartments contain sufficient gas to sustain the

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SILVER STUDS and LINKS.—Gentlemen's complete sets of solid Silver Studs and Sleeve Links of English manufacture, well and strongly made from Rs. 4. Sets of Sleeve Links only from Rs. 2-8. Solitaires from Rs. 3.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona

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ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting, half-hunting and open faced cases, 2 plate, with compensation Balance, Guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

WATERPROOF BILLIARD COVERS, indispensable during the Monsoon. A small lot of these just to hand. Apply to JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

FLOWERY, EXTRA FINE and UNSORTED ORANGE PEKOE TEAS. A fresh Consignment of New Season Teas of unrivalled quality and flavour at Re. 1-12, Re. 1-10, and Re. 1-6 per lb.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

LANOWLI.—FOREST COTTAGE, FOR SALE, with large Compound, convenient to the Railway Station. Apply to T. KELLY, G. I. P. Railway, Shahabad (Deccan.)

BONA-FIDE SALE of late Mr. C. R. HAWKIN'S furniture, Piano, Telescope, Electric Machine, Magic Lantern, Camera with Lens, Cooking Stove, tool chest, horse, garden, &c., at Parel, Sopari Baug Road, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

PLEASE note Celestinas manufactured by Messrs. Murdoch & Co, London, can be exchanged within 3 months if not approved. Despatch your orders, for you cannot be deceived.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Suited for Artistic Presents to Friends at Home.—Designs and Shapes purely Oriental—School of Art Compound, Esplanade.

WANTED, a First Class OPERATOR and RETOUCHER. One who understands Working Bromides, Platinotypes, &c., preferred. Liberal Salary to a good man.—Apply to "PHOTO," care of this Paper.

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MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Re. 1, with postage Rs. 1-4, for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have spent one day at the Alexandra Hotel, and have received great attention from the Proprietor and his servants. The food is good, and the charges very moderate indeed.—(Sd.) T. WINGATE, Colonel, Bengal Staff Corps.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, open to the Public, near the Railway Station, Poona, by the Proprietor of the Lane wise Hotel, MR. SHAPOORJEE BOMONJEE IRANI.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies' routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Byculla, 1,072 tons, Captain J T Lewis, cleared yesterday for Calcutta, Rangoon and Moulmein, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, will sail to-day for Karachi, with a general cargo and 20 deck passengers.

THE s s Khiwa, 1,452 tons, Captain H Shumacker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Jeddo via Karachi, with a general cargo and 376 pilgrims as passengers. During the voyage there were six deaths from natural causes. The vessel is consigned to Mr. Hajee Cassum Joosub.

THE McIver Line s s Etolia, 2,113 tons, Captain Roland Jones, arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Liverpool and Antwerp via Karachi, with a general cargo and Mr Elsworth and Mr Bromilow as cabin passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Arabia, 674 tons, Captain T J Grier, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 20 cases opium and the following passengers:—Noor Jahan Begum and six others, Lieut G Sartorius, Mr Shepherd, Mr Savory, Mrs McMorran, Mr McIver and 124 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—SEPTEMBER 2.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Gwalior	1062	Speck	A	P & O Co
" Etolia	2113	Jones	B	K Nixon & Co
" Safari	582	Asthausen	G	F Heyer & Co
R M I M S Magdala			HJ	Government
S.S. Somali		Francis	K	V Ebrahim
" Saburmutee		Nacoda	N	Shepherd & Co
" Neera		Nacoda	L	Shepherd & Co
" Wistow Hall	2238	Barclay	M	E Bates & Co
" La Seyne	1131	Blanc	N	M Martins & Co
" Isleworth	1715	Garson	O	K Nixon & Co
" Zulu	1787	Dunn	P	F Muir & Co
" Poonah		Nacoda	Q	Shepherd & Co
" Kavori		Nacoda...30 tons crane		Shepherd & Co
" Zuari		do. Alongside L...		do.

The Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.
The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 5h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Idar	2593	Hughes	4	E Bates & Co
" Brindisi	2122	Street	5	P & O Co
" M. Teresa	1922	Deperis	7	A Lloyds S N Co
" Lt. Commander	2731	Thomas	10	K Nixon & Co
" Kiroy Hall	1688	Phillips	12	E Bates & Co
" Aston Hall	2234	Moore	16	E Bates & Co
" Methley Hall	2182	Buck	17	E Bates & Co

MERE WETHER DRY DOCK.
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ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
1	Etolia (s)	Jones	Liverpool, &c.
2	Khiwa (s)	Shumacker	Jeddah, Aug 15.
	Arabia (s)	Grier	Persian Gulf.
	Da Capo (s)	Velthans	Put back from sea.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
2	Alboin (s)	Ritchie	Bangkok.
	Siam (s)	Weighell	Aden.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Byculla, Lewis, for Rangoon, &c.
" Kapurthala, Livingstone, for Karachi.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Kirby Hall (s), 1689, Phillips
Zuiu (s), 1787, Dunn
Idar (s), 2593 Hughes
Kt Commander (s), 2731, Thomas
Brindisi (s), 2122, Street
Gwalior (s), 1645, Speck
Malwa (s), 1691, Preston
Maria Teresa (s), 1922
Teheran (s), 1684, Tocque
Venetia (s), 1551, Creery
Isleworth (s), 1716, Garson
Kt of St George (s), 2999, Beavis
Rhotonia (s), 3128, McCormick
Kt of St John (s), 2248, Billett
LaSeyne (s), 1151, Blanc
L Brassey (sp), 2939, Gunning
Bendo (s), 2281, Campbell
L Tower (s), 2071, Tregorthen
Mayfield (s), 1725, Murdoch
Methley Hall (s), 2182, Buck
M Branch (s), 1733, Anderson
Wistow Hall (s), 2139, Barclay
Aston Hall (s), 2234, McFee

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

H M S Brisk, Streeton
R I M S Canning, Holland
R I M S Clive, Hooper
R I M S Dalhousie, Black
R I M S Investigator, Oldham
R I M S Tenasserim, Hewett
R I M S Assaye, Langdon
R I M S Plassy, Gunn

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.		
30	Bancoora s	Bombay.
31	Kangra s	Rangoon.

DEPARTURE.

Aug.		
30	Rudesheimer s	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 2.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
City of Edinburgh s—4 cases trunks, Hajee Ebrahim Bros; 5 cases soap, Shamjee Lilladhur.
Kirby Hall s—20 cases empty sodawater bottles, Rozers and Co; 210 cases candles, Ryramjee Shapurjee; 17 cases biscuits, Merwanjee Nusserwanjee; 25 cases school slates, A Mahomedally.
Branksome Hall s—6 cases butter, Owen and Okell.
FROM LONDON.
Rosetta s—7 boxes printing materials, Balcrishna Sazba and Co; 21 cases ham, bacon and cheese, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Volturno s—50 drums linseed oil, E Currimbhoy.
Kannoch s—22 cases varnish, M A Hoosein.
FROM HAMBURG.
Rheinfels s—15 bales tissue paper, V Abdoolally.
FROM ANTWERP.
Ehrenfels s—25 cases printing paper, E Spinner and Co.
Rheinfels s—8 cases soap, Shamjee Lilladhur; 75 cases candles, Bhaichund Hoopchand.
FROM TRIESTE.
Achille s—4 cases glassware, Treacher and Co; 11 bales brown paper, Hursonally Abdoolally; 10 cases writing paper, A H Essoofbhoy.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 2.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Zula s—4,000 cwts linseed, A Allymahomed and Co; 52 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.
FOR MARSEILLES.
Idar s—2,000 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co.
FOR GENOA.
Idar s—3,000 cwts linseed, John Fazackerli.
FOR HAVRE.
La Seyne s—13½ cwts khus-khus roots, N Futcally and Co.
FOR HONGKONG.
Brindisi s—210 bales cotton, N J Abraham; 50 bales twist, Doongersey Gangjee; 100 bales twist, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 5 bales twist, Framjee Hormusjee and Co; 13 bales twist, Tata and Co.
Gwalior s—96 bales twist waste, S F Kawarana; 100 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 300 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.
FOR SHANGHAI.
Maria Teresa s—186 bales piece-goods, E D Sassoon and Co; 300 bales twist, Sorabjee N Talati and and Co; 400 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 48 bales twist and 2 bales piece-goods, The Bombay United S and W Co; 47 bales piece-goods and 3 bales twist, C Hamonjee.
Brindisi s—15 bales piece-goods, Tata and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 1.

Brounlow, Lt, Bo, 2nd Bl Dubn Fusirs, on leave, from Karachi.
Murray, Lt, Bengal, 2nd Scottish Rifles, on leave, from Sanore.
Lyons, Surgn-Lt-Col, Bo, Medical Staff, from leave, from Satara.

SEPTEMBER 2.

Fanshawe, Capt, Ms, 2nd Oxfordshire, on leave.
Sanlez, Lt, 8th Bo Infy, on duty, from Bhuj.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 2.

Jackson, Capt, 3rd Bengal Cavly, on leave, to England.
Ducat, Capt, Bo, Poona Horse, on furlough, to England.
Fanshawe, Capt, Ms, 2nd Oxfordshire, on leave, to England.
Brounlow, Lt, Bo, Bl Dubn Fusirs, on leave, to Poona.
Murray, Lt, Bengal, 2nd Scottish Rifles, on leave, to England.
Powell, Lt, Bengal, R E, on leave, to England.
Mc Nalty, Bg-Surgn Lt-Col, Bengal, AMS, ordered home, to England.
Sanlez, Lt, 8th Bo Infy, on duty, to Ahmednagger.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 3.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)
For Investigation of Pauperism.
57-92—In person—Saleh Mahomed Khan Mahomed vs Rahimabai and others.
58-92—In person—Carolino Clemetson vs J S Clemetson and another—Daphery and F.
39-92—In person—Radhabai and others vs Bamanjee Dinshaw Khan and others—Roughton and B.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.
392-91—Bhaishunker and K—Kubibai vs Javerbai and another—Little, S, F and N, and C M and M.
67-91—In person—Lehorchand Luckmichand alias Oojeen vs Bai Javerbai—Craigie, L and O.
364-91—Jamardhan and A—Sukhanand Gurmukhrai vs Harridas Nathoobhoy.
525-91—Wadia and G—Pochajee Byramjee Batliwalla vs Phoolchia Framjee Batliwalla—Chitnis, M and M.
164-92—Mansukial D and J—Bhima Oka and others vs Gangabai and another—In person.
271-92—Ardesir, F and D—Dhunjeebhoy Byramjee Rana vs Cowasjee Dadabhoy and another—Payne, G and S.
515-90—M N Saklatwala—Bhugwandas Ramjee vs Dagdu Essoo—In person.
For Further Directions on Commissioner's Report.
212-89—Mansukial, D and J—The Hon'ble F L Latham and others vs Gangabai Akhai and another—Brown and M, and Tyabjee, D and J.
40-91—Balkrishna and P—Rahimtoola Jan Mahomed vs Moosa Joosub.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours, ending at 8 p.m. of the 2nd September, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	1	7	35 p.m.	10	41
Teheran	2	2	15 p.m.	...	35
Suez	2	2	50 p.m.	...	15

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 2nd September, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	..	42	...	3
" Karachee	..	14	...	1
" Madras	...	34	...	1

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

SEPTEMBER 2.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALASIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Tonoriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon-St. Vincent, perfect.
At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.
Telegrams for Salvador except Libertad can be accepted only at sender's risk.
Secret language in telegrams for Kotonou temporarily prohibited.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 2.

THERE was no further change in the price of Bar Silver in London yesterday, at Reuter's quotation of 38½d. per oz.; but 4 per cent. Rupee Securities were 3-16 per cent. lower, at £63. In New York, the metal was ½ cent higher, at 83⅜ cents, with demand Exchange on London unaltered, at 4·88 dollars. Consols in London were quoted at 96⅞; and Indian Sterling Loan at 106½, both *ex-div.* The Indian Council placed Rs. 20,000 of extra Bills in Calcutta, at ls. 2 21-32d., which is 1-32d. above the regular allotment rate on Wednesday, though the same as was obtained for the extra Bills sold on the same day. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, remained at ls. 2 7-16d. French Rentes in Paris were ⅛ per cent. higher at 100½; Paris Exchange on London was a centime up, at fcs. 25·18½. The weekly Specie shipments to India consisted of £80,000 in Silver to this port.

The Bank of England Weekly Return issued yesterday shows a further increase of one per cent. in the Bank's Reserve, making it stand at 51 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate remained at one per cent.; and the market rate of discount were unchanged at one per cent. on short London Bills, and 2½ per cent. on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper.

The London Goat Skin Sale closed yesterday with Madras Skins ½d. per lb. lower, and Bombay Skins ½ to 1d. higher, 880,000 skins were sold out of the 930,000 offered.

The price of Mid.-American Cotton in Liverpool declined 1-16d. yesterday to 3 15-16d., thus going back to last week's quotation; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. higher, September deliveries being quoted at 3 55-64d. and January-February at 3 63-64d. Surats were unchanged in value. The market closed quiet; Surats quiet; and Arrivals flat; the total Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales of which 400 were East Indians. The day's Imports were *nil*. The Manchester Market was steady.

Ready Mid.-Uplands in New York was unchanged at 7¼ cents. December Futures were quoted at 7·19 cents., Wednesday's rate for September having left off at 6·93 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 2,000 bales.

There has been next to nothing doing in our local Cotton Market to-day, the only business reported being the purchase by a Mill of 250 bales of Barsee, at Rs. 178-81 per candy. The tone of the market has been quiet, and prices are unchanged.

WHEAT has been taken to only a small extent for export in a quiet market, and at the basis of previous rates.

SEEDS have been steady, with a moderate business passing, and prices are unchanged, all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	139	bales.
Wheat	14,531	cwts.
Linseed	1,599	"
Rapeseed	1,321	"
Groundnuts	1,259	"
Castorseed	1,300	"
Rice	726	"

FREIGHTS are dull. Rates are again a shade lower for September and October shipment.

Exchange opened at ls. 2 9-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and at ls. 2 19-32d. for Demand, and remained at this throughout the day with, however, but little or no enquiry, ready or forward, though the Banks offered higher rates for October onwards, and ls. 2 11-16d. for the new year. For Credits, one buyer came out at ls. 2⅞d. at three months' sight, for near Bills, at which a moderate amount was done; but for next year ls. 3d. seemed to be the lowest rate at which buyers would work, especially as far as March-April, and, with only a small business passing either way, the market closed steady as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	ls. 2 19-32d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	ls. 2 9-16d. "
Do. 3 months' sight	ls. 2 21-32d. "
Credits do.	ls. 2⅞d. "
Francs do.	1·55⅛ "

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Rates for Fours have receded to-day 5-16 per cent. from last evening's closing rates, 103 9-16 having been quoted for cash, and 103 5-16 for this month's account, these being also the final rates, with a steady feeling, at the decline. 102, nominal, is still quoted for 4½ per Cents.

SHARES remain very quiet. We note a decline of Rs. 10 in City of Bombay Mill Shares to-day; and of 2½ in Luckmidas; while Manockji Petit have advanced Rs. 2½, at our revised quotations. New Berar Press Shares are Rs. 5 lower. Bombay-Burma Trading, 1st issue, have advanced Rs. 25. Port Canning are Rs. 5 higher. Kemp and Co. have declined Rs. 9 per share.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 1.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	3⅞

The Manchester Market has been steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	96⅛ ex-div.
3 per cent. Rentes	100½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106⅛ ex-div.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	63
Bar Silver	38½

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £27,800,000; increase, £300,000; public deposits, £3,700,000; decrease, £100,000; other deposits, £31,600,000; decrease, £100,000; other securities, £24,600,000; increase, £100,000; notes and gold, £17,800,000; decrease,

ELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ST. LEGER BETTING.

LONDON, SEPT. 2.

ing ... the latest betting on the St.

..... Orme.
..... Sir Hugo.
..... Flèche.
..... Watercress.
..... May Duke.
..... The Lover.
" ..... Danube.
" ..... El Diablo.
" ..... Curio.

A PRECAUTIONS IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 1.

s Harrison has issued a decree imposing ys' quarantine, and longer if necessary, in the United States on vessels carrying The practical effect of this will be to immigration.

of cholera reaching the United States regular panic on the New York Stock

ILURE OF A BANK.

LONDON, SEPT. 2.

and General Bank has suspended oap ital paid up amounts to about

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 2.

a, with the outward English mails of o, left here at 4 p.m., on Thursday,

ADEN, SEPT. 2.

he Sa... with the homeward Indian mails of 26th ultimo, arrived here at 4 a.m., yesterday.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 2.

An extract from the *London Gazette* states that ord Cross has been made an extra Knight Grand Commander of the Star of India.

Public Works Department.—Mr. Anderson has been appointed Superintendent of Way and Works, East Bengal State Railway.

Lieutenant-Colonel Christie has been granted furough for sixteen months.

Mr. Gramatzki has been permitted, at his own quest, to retire from the service.

Military Department.—Lieutenant Badcock and tenant Hennessy have been confirmed as Deputy stant Commissary-Generals, Second Class.

outenant-Colonel Durand has been granted six ths' furlough.

eutenant Argles, West India Regiment, and tenant Codrington, Wiltshire Regiment, have admitted to the Indian Staff Corps.

ieutenant-Colonels William Nicolay and George all, Majors Boileau and King have been perd to retire from the Service.

aptain Dennys Reilly has been promoted to be r, and Lieutenant Charles Lloyd to be Captain n Staff Corps.

t Moore has been promoted to be gineer, first grade, Military Works.

ple Edward Boyle and Mr. Antony have been appointed Sub-Lieutenants n Marine.

t Locke has been appointed Sub-Indian Marine, vice Mr. Burne, whose t is cancelled.

D epartment.—Colonel Wilkins has been Assistant Surveyor-General.

DIAN COTTON FORECAST.

memorandum on the prospects of the n crop area has been issued. It shows y cotton crop is expected in the Deccan nd Bombay shows a decrease of ten per e lakh ten thousand acres under the line, chiefly in Khandeish, due to the reak in the rains in June. Most other ow an increase ; the Berar area is about housand acres below the average ; in the e area is about one lakh twenty-five cres below the final forecast of the last year below the average ; in the North-West he area is one-sixth less than the normals he area is fifty-seven thousand acres or d and thirty three per cent. in excess ar and twenty-seven per cent. over the n the Central Provinces, Berar, and season is very favourable, and the good condition, but in other cotton- is it is backward owing to the lateness

CROP REPORTS.

as the August rainfall has been exceptionand in the Karnatic and the Deccan has to crops. In some places the crops are thriving, but is in need of fine weather. are gene rally cheaper ; and the numbers on famine relief works is only thirteen against eighteen thousand last week. All rks are closed in the Central Districts of More rain is wanted in parts of six Cotton in parts of Broach and Baroda has maged by the heavy rain. In Bengal in is wanted. In parts of Burdwan, nd Chota Nagpur Divisions the harvesting rice and jute is still proceeding. The s good ; and all relief operations in Mon- Bhagalpur have been closed in the North- ovinces. Continued heavy rain has done the crops, and a break is now needed. pects are, however, good in the Punjab, and fallen in all but three districts. Standing in good condition. In the Central Pro re rain is required for rice crops. Sambalects continue to be good, and Burma prosge nerally favourable. Assam, Mysore, and ort the standing crops to be in good con- Berar and Hyderabad the standing spring in good condition, but cotton and millets n injured by excessive rain. Rajputana had infall, and agricultural operations are satisand prospects good. Men employed in famine orks have been reduced to twelve thousand ne fourteen thousand in the last week.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 2.

tenant Searle, 9th Bombay Infantry, has fully ed for final admission to the India Staff

ignations of Principal Medical Officers in her sty's Forces, Madras and Bombay, have been ed to the Principal Medical Officer, Madras , and Principal Medical Officer, Bombay Army, ctively.

utenant Budd, 12th Bombay Infantry, has granted twelve months' leave to England, on ate affairs.

Lieutenant Hamson Crawford, 7th Bombay Infantry, who has latterly been officiating as Station Staff Officer at Kamptee, proceeded to Raipur to rejoin his regiment, on the 31st ultimo, no being relieved of the above duties by Captain G. S. Hogge, 12th Bombay Infantry.

Lieutenant Whyte, 7th Bombay Infantry, rejoined his regiment at Bhuj on 28th ultimo, after handing over the duties of Acting Sixth Assistant to the Political Resident at Aden to Lieutenant Merewether.

Lieutenant E. Sanlez, 8th Bombay Infantry, left Bhuj on the 29th ultimo, on his way to Ahmednagar, to rejoin his regiment.

AFFAIRS IN AFGHANISTAN.

MORE TROOPS ORDERED TO THE FRONTIER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 2.

In addition to the requirements of the frontier force mentioned yesterday as being warned to be in readiness to march to Kajuri Kach, in the Gomal Pass, the following additional troops have been placed under orders :—Two squadrons, 2nd Punjab Cavalry at Rajanpur and 22nd Punjab Infantry at Multan. When the troops move into the Gomal Dera Ismail Khan will be garrisoned by two squadrons 2nd and 3rd Punjab Cavalry, respectively, and 24th Punjab Infantry from Ferozpore. The troops will move on field service scale, receiving cold-weather clothing and free rations beyond Dera Ismail Khan. A portion of troops warned will reinforce the post at Kajuri Kach at once, the remainder being held in readiness to move later on in time to admit of military action being taken by October 1 if on that date such should appear necessary. The continued presence of the Afghans in the neighbourhood of Waziristan cannot be tolerated if the peace of the borderland is to be maintained. The measures ordered in regard to the Gomal are, as already stated, precautionary only. If the Amir's agents cease their intrigues with the Waziris and Bitanis and Gul Mahomed's men retire from Wana no apprehension need be entertained of any further troubles in that quarter. It is, however, always well to be prepared for contingencies on our border west of the Wana Valley. It should be remembered there dwell the powerful and warlike tribe of the Suleiman Kel. They have given no trouble so far, and are of such an independent nature that they pay scant respect to Afghan authority, but no calculation can ever be made as to how such tribesmen will behave.

RUSSIAN TROOPS IN THE PAMIRS.

It appears clear that the strength of the Russian troops on the Pamirs has been rather under-estimated. Colonel Yanoff has with him at least one Brigade, reckoned according to the Indian standard.

THE EX-KHAN OF DIR.

Hashim Ali has made no sign of coming in to Sir William Lockhart at Oghi. The Isazai clans have so far broken the engagements with the Indian Government that they have failed to surrender him or keep Hashim Ali out of their country. He has visited some of their outlying villages on the right bank of the Indus, and is now in one of them, Bio. Under the circumstances it has been decided that punishment must be inflicted upon the villages which have harboured him.

THE BLACK MOUNTAIN EXPEDITION.

There is no intention of sending an expedition to the Black Mountain itself, where all is quiet, but a force will move next month to beat up Hashim's quarters. This will strengthen the friendly sections of tribesmen, and show outlying villages that they are not safe from punishment. Sir W. Lockhart will himself conduct these operations, which will take place in the valley of the Indus. Four thousand troops with three Batteries of Artillery will at the outside be sufficient for work, and a fortnight only should be required to do all that is necessary. The troops warned for service are likely to be King's Royal Rifles (Rawalpindi) 1,000 of 5th Gurkhas from Abbottabad, 4th Sikhs from the same station, and Regiment of the Punjab Infantry with a complement of Artillery already mentioned. Manœuvres are to be held in the hills about Solon and Subathu and between Kalka and Umballa in October and November, and around Umballa for a few days in early part next year instead of having the usual standing camp of instruction at Umballa during January.

GRATUITIES TO BRITISH OFFICERS.

The Government of India have sanctioned a grant of gratuities varying in amount from six to twelve months' British pay of rank to Lieutenant-Colonel Durand, Captain Aylmer, Lieutenants Gordon and Badcock in consideration of the wounds received by them in the action during the late Hunza-Nagar operations.

Captain Barrett, also, who was badly frost-bitten has received a gratuity from reports received from most trustworthy sources.

A TEA PLANTERS' GRIEVANCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 2.

The Darjeeling and Terai Planters' Association has presented a memorial to the Lieutenant-Governor on the growing difficulties and annoyances encountered by them in having their coolies enticed away under the existing system of predatory recruitment practised by the civil and military authorities. This has been represented before, but the remedy adopted by Government proved abortive. The memorial enumerates some of the evils consequent on the present state of affairs, and prays that more effective measures than have hitherto been taken be devised and enforced for the suppression of the prevailing system of recruitment, and that proper sanitary precautions be taken at once with a view to preventing the introduction and spread of infectious diseases among garden labourers on the return of such men as have been enticed away for a short time.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 2.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments :—4th-1st Battalion Rifle Regiment Bombay Infantry—2nd-Lieutenant Bailey, 2nd Battalion Middlesex Regiment, candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer on probation, dated 17th August, 1892.

30th Bombay Infantry—3rd Beluch Battalion—Lieutenant-Colonel Simpson, officiating Commandant, to be Commandant, with effect from 18th September, 1891.

Under instructions received from Horse Guards, War Office, it is notified that Captain Grerson, 47th Field Battery, has been appointed to K Battery Royal Horse Artillery.

Captain Geddes, on promotion to that rank from 36th Field Battery, has been posted to 47th Field Battery Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant Alford, Depot Western Division, has been posted to 36th Field Battery, R.A., Bombay Army.

Orders No. 405, dated 12th August, 1892, directing Captain Wells-Cole, Yorkshire Light Infantry, to proceed to England to join 1st Battalion of his Regiment, is hereby cancelled.

Gunner J. S. Fykell, of the Royal Artillery, has passed an examination in Somali, on 19th April, 1892.

The undermentioned non-commissioned Officers have been awarded Silver Medals without gratuity for long service and good conduct :—Bombay Attached List—Sergeant David Davies, Assistant Chief Warder, Central Military Prison, Poona ; and 1st Class Sergeant Instructor Warburton, Bombay Volunteers Artillery.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief :—North Lancashire Regiment 1st Battalion—Captain Cole to remain in England, from 13th August to 13th November, 1892, on medical certificate, in extension of leave granted him in Bombay Army Order No. 105 of 19th February.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—Worcestershire Regiment.—Captain Adjutant Randolph to remain in England from 14th to 20th November, 1892, on private affairs, in extension of leave granted him in Bombay Army Order, No. 226 of 22nd April, 1892. B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, 2nd Battalion.—Captain Hoddon to England, for 21 months, on private affairs. Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps.—2nd.-Lieutenant Gordon in and out of India for twelve months, on private affairs.

Under instructions from Army Head-quarters, the 28th Bombay Pioneer, will, under the present arrangement, embark at Bombay in the Indian Marine steamer Canning, on 16th September, 1892, for conveyance to Calcutta, *via* Madras *en route* to Manipore Regiment, will take relief scale of baggage equipment and camp equipage, and will be conveyed to Bombay by train.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUG. 12.

POPE says : "'Tis with our judgments as our watches, none go just alike, yet each believes his own." It is this question of reliance on our own judgment, whether bad or good, that keeps up the friction of the world. What a tame affair Government would be, if it were obligatory for us all to set our thoughts by the judgment of one man, a kind of Greenwich Observatory figurehead who would pop up a little golden ball, or fire a gun, or run up a signal flag when he had made up his mind. At the same time, such unanimity would have its desirable points. There would be no long, dreary debates on want of confidence, no bitter discussions on points of law, no late autumn Sessions to put the legislative temper out of point. The only difficulty might be the question of Woman's Rights. There would inevitably be a demand that the man on the signal tower should be a woman—or as acts of Parliament express it, in less obvious *Irishese* : that every time the word *he* occurs, it shall be understood also to mean *she*. In which case, unless men and women changed vastly in character with the surrender of their private judgments instead of abolishing votes of want of confidence, there would, according to the sex of the holder of the office of universal brains carrier, be a continual succession of resolutions sometimes passed by the hes, upon the shes, and again by the shes upon the hes ; but then the British Constitution would hardly be improved by its conversion to a single sentiment, if the sexes had a dual representation.

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Well—it is early to sound the battle-alarm before the combatants are born! Though the strong-minded women can even count Princess Pauline of Wurtemburg amongst their ranks, they are no nearer to political emancipation than they were. In the new Parliament the number of their supporters is almost a third less than it was in the old ; so all the work of convincing M.P.s, of the error of their ways, has to be done over again—an unsatisfactory task—when a year or so may bring another dissolution, and a new lot of opponents to the front. Meanwhile other assemblages of men have opened their doors to duly qualified women. The Royal Geographical Society has lately decided to admit ladies as fellows. Hitherto, though recognizing the fitness of women such as Ida Pfeiffer to share their honours they were prevented from rewarding female merit by some old rule against women's admission. But when the Geographical Society of Paris elected Madame Pfeiffer a member, and the societies of Vienna and Berlin welcomed her into their midst, the Royal Geographical Society of England, not to be outdone in generosity, voted her a sum of money to help her in her next expedition. Now we may expect to find womankind flying off to all sorts of outlandish places for the glory of adding the significant letters F. R. G. S. to their names.

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So much is talked of modern women's usurpation of man's place that the impression is given that until the latter days of this century women never did anything but make liniments and jam, rock babies and darn socks. But the French Society of gens de lettres, whose president is Emile Zola, has on its books as a member a lady, Madame Du Bos d'Elbhecq ; whose centenary will be due in 1899 if she has not before then joined the great ranks of the Real Immortals. For sixty years, since her novels were fashionable—and sixty years counts for an age in our fast times when rapid creation of one thought means rapid annihilation of another.

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A lady with a different claim to a place amongst the Immortals Solier Elizabeth, directress of the orphanage for sailors' children at Dieppe, has lately been decorated with the cross of the Legion d'Honneur, in recognition of distinguished services to humanity during thirty-two years.

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An American Catholic lady has been congratulated by the Pope on her idea of making a collective exhibit at Chicago during the World's Fair of the most celebrated works produced by Catholic women.

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Mrs. John Rylands, whose husband left in her charge several millions of money to be expended for the benefit of the public, has just concluded the purchase of the Althorp collection of books at a cost of £225,000. Earl Spencer having retained books not necessarily rare, but favourites as his own property. The announcement that the gift will be conferred on Manchester has not yet been made, but it is confidently expected.

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Those who talk glibly of rearranging the World's tongues so as to make an universal language have little knowledge of the difficulties of the task. It gives a remote idea of the horrors readers should undergo to see how the loss of a few letters alter the look of a language. A Western American newspaper published the following editorial apologetic announcement :—

"We begin the publication of the Rocky Mountain, *the Rocky Mountain Cyclone*, with some phew difficulties in the way. The type-phounder phrom whom we bought the outphit phor this printing orphis phailed to supply any ophs or cays, and it will be phor or phive weeks bephore we get any. We have ordered the missing letters and will have to wait until they come. We don't lique the idea ov this variety ov spelling any better than our readers, but mistax will happen in the best or regulated phamilies, and iph the cs and the exes hold out we shall ceep (sound the c hard) the cyclone phirling ophter a phassion till the sorts arrive. It is no joque to us ; it is a serious aphair."

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Another newspaper brought out under difficulties, though of a different nature, is the *Word Carrier*, the organ of the fishermen of Hammerstein. It is the nearest to the poles of any publication, and its subscriptions are usually paid in herrings. What an aroma there must be about the cashier's office on quarter days.

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Now is the time for short stories. On a holiday—up the hills, or at the seaside, there is always something wanted to fill the chinks between mealtimes. On a journey, too, a short story is preferable to the sweet, but long drawn out raptures of a three volume heroine, whose love raptures are broken by railway naps or lost in an interlude of seasickness. Mrs. Smith's Crage (Digby, Long and Co. 2-6) is a series of lively, pretty stories—some thrilling with horror, others with joy, and others again with fear. The author Henry Ross writes with directness, not common to the short story-teller who usually wastes half the time at his disposal in introducing the characters and leaves the tale half told, or hurries his heroine to her doom without a thought of the exigencies of probability or fitness. There is a tenderness and pathos in some of the stories which is also very charming !

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A propos of society revolutions the dictum which appeared lately in *Woman*, that in high places, it is no longer chic for ladies to kiss one another unless in the innermost sanctuary of the boudoir, the *Globe* breaks out into a naughty poetical satire—a paraphrase of the sentiment in the old riddle : Why are girls kissing one another carrying out the greatest of all the commandments ! The answer is : Because they do to one another as they wish that all men should do to them ; and *The Globe* man suggests that in spite of progress, culture, university extension degrees, and the demand for the suffrage, the same little tenderness still lingers in the fin-de-siecle feminine heart. If there were such an institution on record as an Anglo-Indian Mrs. Grundy, (but contemporary history does not hint either at its existence or its need) something equivalent in printing to danger signals should have been used to warn her from the perusal of *The Globe* man's very questionable poem :—

Lex Osculatoria.

We shall not kiss ; on one another's necks
To fall, hereafter, will be held amiss ;
The sweet Miss X—, the charming Lady X—
We shall not kiss.
Yet do not greet as with the critic's kiss ;
This is no savage *odiosa lex*.
Designed to minimise our maidens bliss,
Not in the least their spirits will it vex,
For note our reservation as to this
It is not, you observe, the other sex
We shall not kiss !

SALE OF THE HONGKONG MILLS.

We learn that Messrs. Eduljee Framjee Allbless and Sons and Noormahomed Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, the owners of the Hongkong Mills, which were formerly known as the property of the New Prince of Wales Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, have been sold to Messrs. Thackersey Mooljee Sons and Co., who rank among the most extensive mill-owners of Bombay, for the sum of Rs. 5,25,000. The mill contains 27,800 spindles and 400 looms, and was recently fitted up with new machinery, which has placed it on a very good footing. From the 1st instant the mill will be worked by the new firm, under the name of Govindjee Thackersey Mooljee and Co., as agents.

As has already been announced, the German Emperor intends to visit King Oscar of Sweden on the 5th September to shoot elk at Gotebory. The well-known Norwegian politician-poet Bjornsjerne Bjornson says a Berlin correspondent, takes this opportunity to again bring forward his hobby, the separation of Sweden and Norway, in order to save the latter country from an alliance with Germany, which he feels sure will form the object of negotiations between the Monarchs at their meeting. It is unnecessary to assert, adds the correspondent, that the Emperor intends to devote himself solely to sport and recreation, and will leave politics entirely alone.

"HALF-A-DOZEN PICTURES."

BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

Goe, cool your feavers and you'le say
The dog-dayes scorch not all the yeare :
In copper-mines no longer stay,
But travel to the west, and there
The right ones see
And grant all gold's not alchemie.
—*Habington.*

Some men, when they grow rich, store pictures in a gallery. Living, their friends envy them, and after death the genuineness of the collection is disputed under a dispersing hammer.

A better way is to spread your pictures over all the earth ; visiting them as Fate allows. Then none can steal or deface, nor any reverse of fortune force a sale : sunshine and tempest warm and ventilate the gallery for nothing, and—in spite of all that has been said of her crudeness—Nature is not altogether a bad frame-maker. The knowledge that you may never live to see an especial treasure twice teaches the eyes to see quickly while the light lasts ; and the possession of such a gallery breeds a very fine contempt for painted shows and the smeared things that are called pictures.

In the North Pacific, to the right-hand as you go westward, hangs a small study of no particular value as compared with some others. The mist is down on an oily stretch of washed-out sea : through the mist the batswings of a sealing schooner are just indicated. In the foreground, all but leaping out of the frame, an open row-boat, painted the crudest blue and white, rides up over the shoulder of a swell. A man in a blood-red jersey and long boots, all shining with moisture, stands at the bows holding up the carcass of a silver-bellied sea-otter, from whose pelt the wet drips in moonstones. Now the artist who could paint the silver wash of the mist, the wriggling, treacly reflection of the boat, and the raw, red wrists of the man would be something of a workman.

But my gallery is in no danger of being copied at present. Three years since I met an artist in the stony bed of a brook, between a line of 300 graven, lichened godlings and a flaming bank of azalea, swearing horribly. He had been trying to paint one of my pictures—nothing more than a big water-worn rock tufted with flowers and a snow-capped hill for background. Most naturally he failed, because there happened to be absolutely no perspective in the thing, and he was pulling the lines about in order to make some for home consumption. No man can put the contents of a gallon jar into a pint mug. The protests of all uncomfortably-crowded mugs since the world began have settled that long ago, and have given us the working theories, devised by imperfect instruments for imperfect instruments, which are called Rules of Art.

Luckily those who painted my gallery were born before man. Therefore, the pictures, instead of being boxed up by lumbering bars of gold, are disposed generously between latitudes, equinoxes, monsoons, and the like, and, making all allowance for an owner's partiality, they are really not so bad.

"Down in the South, where the ships never go"—between the heel of New Zealand and the South Pole—there is a sea piece showing a steamer trying to come round in the trough of a big beam sea. The wet light of the day's end comes more from the water than the sky, and the waves are colourless through the haze of the rain, all but two or three blind seahorses swinging out of the mist on to the ship's dripping weather side. A lamp is lighted in the wheel-house ; so one patch of yellow light falls on the green-painted pistons of the steering gear as they snatch up the rudder chains. A big sea has got home. Her stern flies up in the lather of the freed screw, and her deck from the poop to the break of the foc'sle goes under in grey-green water level as a millrace, except where it spouts up above the donkey-engine and the stored derrick booms. Forward there is nothing but this glair ; aft, the interrupted wake drives far to leeward as a cut kite string dropped across the seas. The sole thing that has any rest in the turmoil is the jewelled, unwinking eye of an albatross, who is beating across wind leisurely and unconcerned, almost within hand's touch. It is the monstrous egotism of that eye that makes the picture. By all the rules of art there should be a light-house or a harbour pier in the background to show that everything will end happily. But there is not, and the red eye does not care whether the thing beneath the still wings stays or staves.

The sister-panel hangs in the Indian Ocean and tells a story, but is none the worse for that. Here you have hot, tropical sunlight and a foreshore clothed in stately palms running out into a still and steamy sea burnished steel blue. Along that foreshore, questing as a wounded bear, a dhow makes her way, hurried a loaded steamer never built for speed. Consequently, she tears and shreds the water to pieces, and piles it under her nose and cannot put it under her cleanly. Coir-coloured cargo bales are stacked round both masts, and her decks are crammed and double-crammed with dark-skinned passengers—from the foc'sle where they interfere with the crew to the stern where they hamper the wheel.

The funnel is painted blue on yellow, giving her a holiday air a little out of keeping with the yellow and black chole rafflag at her main. She dare not stop ; she must not communicate with any one. There are leprous streaks of lime wash trickling down her plates for a sign of this. So she threshes on down the glorious coast, she and her swarming passengers, with the sickness that destroyeth in the noonday eating out her heart.

Yet another, the pick of all the East rooms, before we have done with blue water. Most of the nations of the earth are at issue under a stretch of white awning above a crowded deck. The cause of the dispute, a deep copper bowl full of rice and fried onions, is upset in the foreground. Malays, Lascars, Hindus, Chinese, Javanese, Burmans—the whole gamut of race-tints, from saffron to tar-black—are twisting and writhing round it, while their vermillion, cobalt, amber, and emerald turbans and head-clothes are lying underfoot. Pressed against the yellow ochre of the iron bulwarks to left and right are frightened women and children in turquoise and isabella-coloured clothes. They are half-protected by mounds of upset bedding, straw mats, red lacquer boxes, and plaited bamboo trunks, mixed up with tin plates, brass and copper *kujas*, silver opium pipes, Chinese playing cards, and properties enough to drive half-a-dozen artists wild. In the centre of the crowd of furious, half-naked men, the fat, bare back of a Burman, tattooed from collarbone to waist-cloth with writhing patterns of red and blue devils, holds the eye first. It is a wicked back. Boy ond it is the flicker of a Malay kris. A blue, red, and yellow macaw chained to a stanchion spreads his wings against the sun in an ecstacy of terror. Half-a-dozen red-gold pines and bananas have been knocked down from their ripening-places, and are lying between the feet of the fighters. One pine has rolled against the long, brown fur of a muzzled bear. His owner, a bushy-bearded Hindu, kneels over the animal, his body-cloth thrown clear of a hard, brown arm, his fingers ready to loose the muzzle-strap. The ship's cook in blood-stained white, watches from the butcher's shop, and a black Zanzibar stoker grins through the bars of the engine-room hatch, one ray of sun shining straight into his pink mouth. The officer of the watch, a red-whiskered man, is kneeling down on the bridge to peer through the railings, and is shifting a long, lean, black revolver from his left hand to his right. The faithful sunlight that puts everything into place gives his whiskers and the hair on the back of his tanned fist just the colour of the copper pot, the bear's fur, and the trampled pines. For the rest, there is the blue sea beyond the awnings.

Three years' hard work, beside the special knowledge of a lifetime, would be needed to copy—even to copy—this picture. Mr. So-and-So, R.A., could undoubtedly draw the bird ; Mr. Suchanother (equally R.A.), the bear ; and scores of gentlemen the still life ; but who would be the man to pull the whole thing together and make it the riotous, tossing cataract of colour and life that it is ? And when it was done some middle-aged person from the provinces, who had never seen a pineapple out of a plate, or a kris out of the South Kensington, would say that it did not remind him of something that it ought to remind him of, and therefore that it was bad. If the gallery could be bequeathed to the nation, something might, perhaps, be gained ; but the nation would complain of the draughts and the absence of chairs. But no matter. In another and a better world we shall see certain gentlemen set to tickle the backs of Circe's swine through all eternity. Also, they will have to tickle with their bare hands.

The Japanese rooms, visited and set in order for the second time, hold more pictures than could be described in a month ; but most of them are small and, excepting always the light, within human compass. One, however, might be difficult. It was an unexpected gift, picked up in a Tokio bye-street after dark. Half the town was out for a walk, and all the people's clothes were indigo, and so were the shadows, and most of the paper lanterns were drops of blood red. By the light of smoking oil-lamps people were selling flowers and shrubs—wicked little dwarf-pines, stunted peach and plum trees, wisteria bushes, clipped and twisted out of all likeness to wholesome plants, leaning and leering out of green-glaze pots. In the flickering of the yellow flames, these forced cripples and the yellow faces above them reeled to and fro fantastically : all together. As the light steadied they would return to the pretence of being green things till a puff of the warm night wind among the flares set the whole line off again in a crazy dance of dwergs, their shadows capering on the house-fronts behind them.

At a corner of a street some rich men had got together and left unguarded all the gold, diamonds, and rubies of the East ; but when you came near, you saw that this treasure was only a gathering of gold-fish in glass globes—yellow, white, and red fish, with from three to five-forked tails apiece and eyes that bulged far beyond their heads. There were wooden pans full of tiny ruby fish and little children with nets dabbled and shrieked in chase of some special beauty, and the frightened fish kicked up showers of little pearls with their tails. The children carried lanterns in the shape of small, red paper fishes bobbing at the end of slivers of bamboo, and these drifted through the crowd like a strayed constellation of baby stars. When the children stood at the edge of a canal and called down to unseen friends in boats the pink lights were all reflected orderly below. The light of the thousand small lights in the street went straight up into the darkness among the interlacing telegraph wires, and just at the edge of the shining haze on a sort of pigeon-trap, forty feet above ground, sat a Japanese fireman wrapped up in his cloak keeping watch against fires. He looked unpleasantly like a Bulgarian atrocity or a Burmese "deviation from the laws of humanity," being very still and all huddled up on his roost. That was a superb picture and it arranged itself to admiration. Now, disregarding these things and others—wonders and miracles all—men are content to sit in studios and, by light that is not light, to rake subjects from pots and pans and rags and bricks that are called pieces of colour. Their collection of rubbish costs in the end quite as much as a ticket, a first-class one, to new worlds where the "props" are given away with the sunshine. To do anything because it is or may be new on the market is wickedness that carries its own swift punishment ; but surely there must be things in the world paintable other and beyond those that lie between the North Cape, say, and Algiers. For the sake of the pictures, putting aside the dear delight of the gamble, it might be worth while to venture out a little beyond the regular circle of subjects and—see what happens. If a man can draw one thing, it has been said, he can draw everything. At the most he can fail, and there are several matters in the world worse than failure. Betting on a certainty, for instance, or playing with nicked cards is immoral, and secures expulsion from clubs. Keeping deliberately to one set line of work because you know you can do it and are certain to get money by so doing is, on the other hand, counted a virtue, and secures admission to clubs. There must be a middle way somewhere, as there must somewhere be an unarrived man with no position, reputation, or other vanity to lose, who most keenly wants to find out what his palette is set for in this life. He will pack his steamer-trunk and get into the open to wrestle with effects that he can never reproduce. All the same his will be a superb failure. And afterwards (nothing this side the grave can change most of us)—

When Earth's last picture is painted ; when the tubes are twisted and dried ;
When the oldest colours have vanished, and the youngest critic has died ;
We shall rest (and, faith, we shall need it!) lie down for an æon or two,
Till the Master of All Good Workmen shall set us to work anew.
And those that are good shall be happy. They shall sit in a golden chair,
And splash at a ten-league canvas with brushes of comet's hair ;
They shall have real saints to draw from—Silas and Peter and Paul ;
They shall work for a year at a sitting, and never get tired at all.
And only Rembrandt shall teach us and only Van Dyck shall blame,
And no one shall work for money and no one shall work for fame,
But all for the sake of working, and each in his separate star
Shall draw the Thing as he sees It for the God of Things as They Are!

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REVIEWS.

LONGMAN'S SCHOOL HISTORY OF INDIA, by the Rev. G. U. Pope, D.D., has just been issued. This, as the preface points out, is strictly a Manual for Students. The author knows the needs of Indian students, having been long engaged in India in educational pursuits. This History Text-book is intended for those who are preparing for Indian University Examinations. The History of India is a wide subject, and the tracing of the story of the different dynasties and races is naturally a most bewildering task, but those who take up this useful book will find their studies limited to the necessary facts. For details and further pursuit of the History of India they are advised by the author to make excursions into the many admirable works on the subject. Dr. Pope commences with a digest of the history of the earliest times for which dates can be trusted, and gives a succinct explanation of the various sources from which the record of events is drawn. Castes, religions, literature, philosophy are touched on, then the different invasions, and their results are related. The Muhammadan Dynasties, the Mogul Emperors, the Mahrattas bring the tale gradually down through various channels to the establishment of European Power, first by the Portuguese, then by the French and the British, and finally by the British alone. A careful resume of the rule of the successive Governors-General down to 1888 and their chief measures is well carried out. The Punjab has a chapter to itself, as also has Mysore. The book concludes with a Chronological Table of Indian History and an Index.

THE immense strides made in the last few years in the study and practice of electricity have attracted many amateurs into the field. They must often feel the need of some work to which they can refer without loss of time when anything goes wrong with their insulators or any part of the gear. Such a need has been met by the publication of a book "Induction Coils : A Practical Manual," for Amateur Coil-makers by G. E. Bonny. It has been the aim of the author to place in the hands of amateur electricians "a cheap and handy volume, giving a general insight into the construction of ordinary spark coils, medical coils, and batteries for working them." The utility of the volume is largely increased by more than 100 illustrations clearly indicating the various parts of electrical machinery needed for each operation. If this book will be invaluable to the electrician in placing him at once on the track of the particular defect in his insulators, and how and where to lay his hand on the proper remedy. This too often requires a laborious search through various books of reference, but Mr. G. E. Bonny recognises this difficulty, and seeks to supply practically in his pages the want of the amateur electrician in the most rapid and convenient way.

AT Montara, U.S., the People's Part have put forward Miss Ella Knowles as their candidate for the post of Attorney-General. This lady is the only female lawyer in the State. She is said to be of her feminine gentleness, and is described as demure and quiet in manner, with a strong, firm, and pleasing face. Miss Knowles is a native of New England, is a graduate of Bates College, Lewiston, and took her decree of Master of Arts at that institution. She met with considerable opposition when she first endeavoured to practise law, and went to work to influence the Legislature on the point, with the result that a Bill was passed in 1889 admitting women to practise law. In the following year she was admitted to the Bar, and now enjoys a very large practice. It is expected that she will poll a large number of votes in her candidature for the Attorney-Generalship.

EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.

SERIOUS SUBSIDENCE ON GIBBS ROAD.

THE thoroughfare, known as Gibbs Road, which stretches from Messrs. Kemp and Co. along the eastern slopes of Malabar Hill till it culminates in the Ridge near the Reservoir, will be closed to traffic for a considerable period in consequence of a large portion subsiding early yesterday morning owing to the heavy fall of rain. On Thursday evening it was noticed there was a slight tendency to its settling down, but the heavy and rapid rush of water from above the grounds of the Parsee Panchayat throughout that night completed the work of destruction. The rush of water, finding no passage of exit in the way of a culvert or a drain, soaked through the wall of the road, and saturated the ground beneath to such an extent that there was a complete subsidence over a section of 250 feet of its surface, which reached to a depth of as much as five feet in some parts. It is conjectured the whole portion between the bridge above the approach to the Tower of Silence will still continue to sink, so that this fine road, will have to undergo complete repair before it can be declared safe again for traffic. Its sudden collapse would certainly have been extended, but for the Tulsi Main which was laid below its surface, and has tended to support the road, and which has saved the existing portion. The Tulsi main, which was running full bore till nine o'clock on Thursday night, was emptied, and a divergence will be made through the Parsee Panchayet grounds for conveying the supply to the Malabar Reservoir. Until this is completed there will be no flow in it from Tulsi, and it has been undertaken with a view to ascertaining the probable disjointing of the main pipe which, it is supposed, is another cause for the present subsidence. With a view to relieve the pressure of water against the embankment the Municipality intend constructing a culvert. The portion of Gibbs Road which has subsided is not more than twenty-five paces from the viaduct. Its surface is covered with deep cracks while the stone wall on the east has been carried away in various places. There is a slight bulging out of the embankment on the same side, but the settling down appears to have been so sudden and rapid into the clayey soil that displacement is scarcely perceptible. The work of repairing cannot be taken in hand until the weather becomes favourable. Adequate arrangements are made for preventing the use of the thoroughfare in its present unsafe condition.

Mr. J. W. Smith, Acting Executive Engineer, says that the subsidence is undoubtedly due to the unprecedentedly heavy rain. The Tulsi main, which runs underneath the road at a depth of three feet, and supplies the Malabar Hill Reservoir, and the return pipe, which supplies Cumballa Hill, will, during the repairs to the road, have to be diverted and run through the ground of the Parsee Tower of Silence in order to keep up the supply. This operation will occupy at least three days and during the whole of that time the water-supply in the city, as is officially stated, will be appreciably diminished. Of course there is a sufficient supply of water in the reservoir to keep Malabar Hill going for a very much longer period, but until the diversion is effected Cumballa Hill will be almost without a supply, as Mr. White, who is now acting for Mr. Tomlinson, hardly anticipates that the pressure in the city mains will be sufficient to raise the water as high as the hill. The difficulty has, however, been grappled with to some extent and every available water-cart will be employed in supplying as far as possible the requirements of the residents. With this arrangement, however, serious inconvenience must be felt. Malabar Hill Road in the meantime considerable time must elapse before it is again open for traffic, and if the weather continues to be of the same character as during the past week, matters will be greatly delayed. Fortunately, Mr. Smith considers the bridge absolutely secure and there is no likelihood of trouble in that direction. The retaining wall of the portion of road which sank three years ago, has been unaffected by the rain, and is perfectly sound and the trouble is not likely to extend.

On Thursday afternoon the western wall of a three-storied house, No. 13, situated at Samuel Street, was noticed to be cracked. The Superintendent and Inspector of the Engineering Department were at once informed, and after inspecting the premises, directed the tenants to quit the house.—Adjoining the Ripon Club, at Hornby Row, Fort, the house occupied by Dr. Pesikaka was also observed to be in a shakey state, as there was a large crevice in the rear of the house. The occupants were asked to vacate the house immediately, and Dr. Pesikaka and family have removed.—Yesterday morning the rear part of a house, at Pathan Street, belonging to one Hargovan Kushall, gave way, and fell into the sweeper's gully at the back. The tenants were aroused by the fall, and immediately vacated the building.—The Lower Road to Government House, Malabar Hill, has also subsided in three different places.—At about three o'clock yesterday morning a large tree fell down at Dockyard Road, Masagon, blocking the road. The Engineering Department being informed of the matter, the obstacle was soon removed.—On Thursday afternoon, the Parel Road, opposite the New Byculla Station, and the Chinchpoogly Road were flooded for several hours together.—A large cocoanut palm was blown down, at Lady Jamsetjee Road, and one at Purbadevie.

RUSSIA ON THE PAMIRS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I should like, with your permission, to offer a few remarks on "C. C.'s" let

RAJKOTE GYMKHANA.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Mr Beaman, c Hardy, b McCausland	2	c Leslie, b Honeyford	6	
Mr Pritchard, c White, b Honeyford	17	b McCausland	37	
Major Kelly, b Honeyford	11	b McCausland	6	
Mr Denny, c White, b Cassells	12	b McCausland	8	
Mr Bolam, run out	11	b Leslie	20	
Mr Shiveal, b Honeyford	0	b Rhenius	23	
Mr Woolley, b Honeyford	17	b McCausland	0	
Mr Marshall, b Cassells	0	no out	4	
Mr Rodda, c Hills, b Honeyford	1	b McCausland	21	
Capt Tarbutt, b Honeyford	2	c Henderson, b Rhenius	0	
Mr Pandit, run out	1	b Honeyford	0	
Mr Turnbull, c Rhenius, b Honeyford	0	b-b-w	4	
		Extras	20	
	Extras	13		
	Total	99	Total	153

	R.	W.	O.	M.
McCausland	67	6	34	3
Honeyford	97	10	33	5
Cassells	20	2	9	1
Hills	19	1	12	2
Rhenius	7	2	10	5

LADY FRANCES BALFOUR ON LONDON SOCIETY.

The denunciation by Lady Jeune of that comparatively small section of the community which is called by the classes "society" has called forth another defender of the existing order of things in the person of Lady Frances Balfour. It cannot be said, however, that the paper which appears from the pen of the latter lady in the current number of the *North American Review* does much to disprove the charges which have been set forth by Lady Jeune. The most that one is disposed to admit on reading "A Last Word on London Society" is that the frivolity and the moral canker are, perhaps, not quite so widespread as Lady Jeune's allegations would imply. Too much has been seen for a long while past of the seamy side of the lives of many of those who were made the subject of Lady Jeune's article last May to lead many people to think that she has exaggerated her case. Lady Frances Balfour herself is evidently not unconscious that there is a strong groundwork of truth for many of the statements made, though she complains that they are too sweeping, and that in depicting West-end society Lady Jeune uses too large a canvas, and lays on her colours coarsely," varnishing the whole with a "thin coating of accuracy." Of the comments made on the retired life led by the Queen and the consequent diminution of her influence on that society of which she is the acknowledged head, Lady Frances Balfour remarks: "It has always been held ungenerous to attack those who from their position are unable to defend or answer for themselves, and it is not according to any of the established rules of courtesy, let alone loyalty—a word somewhat rusted by disuse, but to be found in Webster's dictionary—to discuss those who rule over us. The Queen has not 'abdicated her position as head of society.' The influence her presence exercises on it to-day is as great, though differing in kind, as it was in the days of her early Court. It is true that the circumstances which have made 'the crown a lonely splendour' have tended to the seclusion of the Queen, and, therefore, during the last thirty years her Court has not often, or for any great length of time, been held in London. But Lady Jeune is mistaken if she thinks that the Queen has 'abdicated her position as head of society' because it has pleased her to appear less frequently in its midst. Presentations at Court are necessary for formal admittance into society, and everyone knows that the Queen superintends these presentations closely, so that those who are not fit persons to be presented at Court can gain no social recognition. But, beyond these laws which rule the etiquette of the Sovereign's Court it is perfectly well known that the Queen is well informed of all that passes in society, and when a necessity arises her opinion on the matter is made known. Those who believe nothing is effective if it is not done with noise and personal prominence can form no conception of what an influence the Sovereign has upon the lives of her subjects." There is no doubt that the Sovereign, so far as her personal knowledge is concerned, is particularly exacting as to the moral status of persons who appear at Court; but as a matter of fact, the State receptions are generally presided over by the Heir-Apparent and the Princess of Wales. Practically the status of the persons who go through the tedious and rather unmeaning ceremony of presentation, whether at a levee or at a drawing-room, is inquired into by the Lord Chamberlain and his subordinates. Whatever slender knowledge the Queen or the Royal Family may possess of new comers must in the great majority of cases be derived in the way we have indicated; and that inquiries have not always secured Court circles from the presence of wealthy persons of doubtful reputation is no secret. Lady Frances Balfour appears to derive some little satisfaction in the thought that no class of London society has yet been driven, by what was written about it more than three months ago, to "robe itself in sackcloth," and amend its ways.

"Impenitent peoples" the prophets have always found, but in one case a true prophet was comforted with the assurance that there were yet 7,000 who had not bowed the knee to Baal. If it is of any comfort to Lady Jeune to know that a similar proportion of London society cannot honestly charge themselves or their "set" or "section," however "small" or "large," "smart" or "dull," with any ambitious attempt to copy the corruptions of "ancient Rome"; who feel that such lurid types as are depicted in these pages are strangers to them; and who experience complete surprise in learning that the society in which they thought they moved with a good deal of innocent enjoyment to themselves and their surroundings is so full of corruption and of the worship of Mammon, then it is possible to administer that consolation. The truth is that Lady Jeune, like many reformers, has allowed her mind to dwell so exclusively on the blots and sores from which unfortunately no large society has ever been free that she has lost all sense of proportion, and has taken the life of a few individuals as indicative of the tone of the whole mass of society.

Lady Frances Balfour challenges the assertion that "money is the idol of the day," though she plainly hints that it may be used effectually in self-advertisement. Great outlay combined with much display, she admits are means of introduction to "people who would have had no opportunity of knowing of the existence of their hosts," but for the lavish hospitality shown, and these "people" evidently mean those within the so-called charmed circle of "society," of whose gifts it is but too certain Lady Frances Balfour forms an exaggerated estimate. She tells us that—

Lady Jeune, in describing this ornate expenditure, expressly says it is the characteristic of "the smartest people." Now "smartness" has nothing to do with good society. People in good society may among other qualities have whatever is implied in this word, but "smartness" alone, without those gifts of refinement and culture, weighs but little, she would have us believe, in the world of which she writes. Lady Jeune is by no means inclined to share in the views which have been expressed on the young lady of to-day and her way of passing her time. They ride a-out in hansom cabs, read newspapers every day, discuss novels openly, and go about unattended through the street. In all this, we quite agree with Lady Frances, there is nothing that is likely to be conducive to moral deterioration. In Paris, where young spinsters are much more carefully guarded than in London, the result in after-life is certainly not of a kind to encourage imitation.

Few people will agree with Lady Jeune's pessimistic views of the young girls of the present day. Their education is one fitted to make them capable both in mind and body. To assert that in "their lives there is no question of aught but pleasure" is singularly far from being the truth. To very few of them would the reproach of "Lady Clara Vere de Vere" be applicable. There is no truer signal of the fruits of Christianity in our century than the efforts which are made by the younger generation to give some portion of "their good things" to the darkened and impoverished life of London and to care for people who live at the gates of their country houses.

Lady Frances is at her best when ridiculing the assumption that such restrictions on young ladies as existed in the days of our grandmothers are necessary at the close of the nineteenth century; but on the whole, as we have said, she leaves the main indictments of Lady Jeune but little affected.

A "LEVANTER," according to our dictionaries, is "one who decamps without paying his debts." Several English firms have, it is said, been unpleasantly reminded of this association of ideas by the circumstance that they have incurred heavy loss through unduly trusting customers in the Levant. We have been told more than once, says the *Daily News*, that readiness to give credit is one of the means by which the enterprising Germans have increased their trade here, but they, too, according to a Consular report, appear to be finding out that this policy does not always pay in the long run.

THE Admiralty have entered into a contract with Messrs. Yarrow and Co., of Poplar, for the immediate construction of a small paddle steamer, to have the least possible draft practicable, for the navigation of the upper Shire. The vessel is destined to maintain communication at all times of the year between Lake Nyassa and Matope, where the navigation terminates on account of a succession of rapids. From there the communication is carried on by land porterage over the highlands as far as Katunga, on the Lower Shire, this being the highest point which the gunboats Mosquito and Herald can reach. This little steamer is 60 ft. in length by 14ft. beam, and will have a draft of 11 inches and speed of 8 to 9 miles an hour. She will be put together on the Upper Shire, having been first transported there in loads, mostly of a size suitable to be carried by one or two negroes, and when in regular work will act in conjunction with the two gunboats Pioneer and Adventure, which Messrs. Yarrow and Co. are constructing for the Government for service on Lake Nyassa.

FOR some years past two methods of obtaining practical instruction have been adopted by students of Mining at the Royal College of Science, London. The managers of some mines in Cornwall will allow students to work underground but refuse to take any responsibility as regards risk, &c., while some of the students take their own training in hand, some of the workmen, who take them underground, teaching them how to bore and blast, and how to fell ore. In North Wales and the Isle of Man several managers take the students as pupils on payment of a small fee. They see that the students are put to work in suitable places and that they have training in various branches of the miner's art. If the student proves himself capable he is in due course paid what is worth. Professor Foster advises, as a general rule, that students should be placed under some competent mine manager and not left simply to the workmen. The two summer vacations during the three years' course at the college give six months for work underground.

SOME NOTABLE WOMEN.

MISS CHARLOTTE M. YONGE.

MISS CHARLOTTE M. YONGE is still, from the booksellers' point of view, one of the most popular of women writers in England. The authoress of the "Heir of Redcliffe" is now a sweet-looking old lady of seventy years of age; she lives in a pretty little cottage near Winchester, in the village of Otterbury, once rendered celebrated by Keble's long residence there. Miss Yonge, although she is the editress of the *Monthly Packet*, a popular High Church magazine for young people of both sexes, is rarely seen in London. She is old-fashioned, and does not understand modern interviewing; and few people, therefore, know anything about the home personality of their favourite writer. Her first book, which was called "Abbey Church, or Self-Control," was published when she was only one-and-twenty, and though she went on writing year after year various novels, which have not survived, it was not till 1853 that she became famous by "The Heir of Redcliffe." The book went through twelve editions in six months; and the young authoress devoted the whole of her profits to fitting out a missionary schooner for the use of Bishop Selwyn. After some discussion, the ship was christened "The Southern Cross," and from that time Miss Yonge took the keenest interest in every kind of mission work, giving, later on, the £2,000 brought her by "The Daisy Chain" (which may, perhaps, be said to be the next popular of her stories) to the erection of a missionary college at Auckland, New Zealand. Charlotte M. Yonge is an extraordinarily prolific writer, and has sometimes brought out as many as four long volumes in one year. She writes regularly from nine to one in the morning, and then again from six to seven. Not on any account will she put pen to paper on Sunday, nor, indeed, on any of the Feasts of the Church, for the most prominent thing about Miss Yonge is her High Church religion. People have often wondered why she never became a Roman Catholic, but her whole life is bound up in that of the National Church, and it would be impossible to imagine her different from what she is. If she has one prejudice it is against the Pope and all that appertains to him; and she does not even care to have any Roman Catholic among the contributors to her magazine. It is said that the late Archbishop of Canterbury described Miss Yonge as reminding him of nothing so much as an old "Admiral of the Blue," her white hair and bright eyes, alert and energetic step, and the dark-blue serge gown in which she is generally clothed, adding doubtless to the illusion. The only ornament she ever wears is a silver cross given by Bishop Selwyn many years ago. Among her earliest friends she counted the Lady Augusta Stanley, and Mrs. Tait. Dr. Pusey was extremely fond of her, and it is said that she has brought him into several of her novels. She is likely to go down as being one of the most wholesome and delightful writers for the young this century has produced. Like Georgina Fullerton she always makes each of her novels more or less a case of conscience, and she has never yet sent out anything that she would afterwards feel sorry to have published.

LADY BURTON.

Lady Burton, the widow of the well-known traveller and explorer, Sir Richard Burton, is engaged in writing a life of her distinguished husband. Lady Burton will be always remembered in the annals of womanhood as having destroyed a valuable manuscript, the price of which might have made all the difference to the comfort of her old age, because she thought it wrong that literary poison should be distilled to the public. All England could not but admire the spirit with which she accomplished the deed, even though many thought it a pity that so valuable a work on Persian life and morals should be lost for ever to the English-reading world. Lady Burton looks the ideal widow, cheerful and resigned. For thirty years she was her husband's constant and hourly companion; he was her first and only thought, and she now seldom goes away from the cottage at Morilake, which is situated close to the churchyard of the Catholic church where her husband lies, buried under the fine marble memorial tent subscribed for and erected by his grateful country in recognition of his services. Lady Burton does all her work at Sir Richard's own table in his study. Round the apartment are scattered many souvenirs that the great traveller and his wife picked up in their travels through the interior of Syria, Morocco, Jedda, North Africa, and Dahomey. Lady Burton belongs to a very ancient Roman Catholic family, the Arundels of Wardour. She married her husband, then a young lieutenant in the Bombay army, in strong opposition to the wishes of her family; for five years she was engaged to him, during which period he was away on his famous expedition with Speke to discover the sources of the Nile, and during the whole of that time she only heard from him four times. Although Lady Burton now looks a white-haired gentle old lady, she has had many adventures. Often when the couple were journeying in some wild and lonely district, Lady Burton travelled with her husband in masculine attire as his son, and thus was able to see a great many curious Eastern customs and interiors which would otherwise have been entirely barred to her. She has written several charming books of travels, and also compiled an expurgated edition of her husband's "Arabian Nights."

LADY WILDE.

During the last ten years Lady Wilde has chiefly owed her fame to the fact that she happened to be her son Oscar's mother. But forty years ago "Speranza" was one of the most powerful literary personalities in Ireland; and her articles, which appeared at irregular intervals in the *Nation*, not only directly stirred the people to rebellion, but were one of the reasons why the editor, Gavan Duffy, was arraigned for high treason. Many elderly Dublin notabilities can remember the prodigious effect produced in the old Court-house when the tall Grecian figure stood up in the spectators' gallery, and thrusting out her arm, exclaimed: "This is the hand that wrote it," referring to an article charged to the man in the dock. *Nee* Francesca Elgee, Lady Wilde began to write when she was only seventeen. The editor of the *Nation* had not the slightest idea who is fair contributor was, and when he first called upon her at her parents' house in Dublin, he utterly refused to believe that the young lady who came forward to greet him was indeed the redoubtable "Speranza" in person. But those exciting days have long since passed away; for many years "Speranza," as wife of the distinguished oculist and aurist, Sir William Wilde, was the centre of a brilliant social and literary world in Dublin. After his death, which occurred some twenty years ago, she came to London in order to give greater educational advantages to her two sons, Oscar and William. Lady Wilde now lives quietly in a charming little house in Oakley Street, Chelsea, where twice a week she receives her friends with the aid of one or other of her sons. Mother like, she is very proud of Oscar's success, but her pretty rooms are innocent of the æsthetic touches which he has made *a la mode*. Lady Wilde is a delightful conversationalist, and it is very amusing to hear her deliver her opinions on modern men, women, and manners. For one thing, she declares that if she had had daughters she would not have allowed them to read or write. She thinks it is a woman's mission to adorn life, and impart beauty around her as a flower does its smell. She holds to the old-fashioned doctrine that every woman should be married, and make the happiness of at least one man.

MRS. RITCHIE.

Mrs. Ritchie, the second daughter of William Thackeray, is one of the most sympathetic literary personalities of the London world. She is popular with all, and even the most spiteful *mauvaise langues* have nothing to say against the sweet-faced woman, who so ably upholds her father's reputation. Both she and her sister, the late Mrs. Leslie Stephen, began when they were quite little girls to write from the dictation for the author of "Vanity Fair;" and having always lived in a bookish atmosphere, it never occurred to them not to write stories, till one day, when Annie was about thirteen, her father told her to improve herself and not try to write till she was older. Although Mrs. Ritchie's writings have a distinct literary character which is all their own, they recall in nothing her brilliant father's masterieces. The story of "Elizabeth," published when she was about twenty-two years of age, was very successful, and gave a charming picture of the life of an English school-girl at Paris. She does not publish many books, but a new volume from her pen is always greeted with appreciation by a large circle of readers, who care for her both for her own and for her father's sake. Married some seventeen years ago to her cousin, Mr. Richmond Ritchie, she is the proud mother of a tall boy and girl. The Ritchies live near London, in Wimbledon Park, and go but little into fashionable society.

COUNTESS TOLSTOI.

Countess Tatiana Tolstoi is the eldest daughter of the author of the "Kreutzer Sonata," and her father's right-hand and Secretary. She helps him in all his work, and attempts, as far as in her lies, to restrain his wild vagaries. This winter both Count and Countess Tatiana have been busily employed in organising relief sheds for the starving Russian peasantry. This is the kind of work in which the young girl takes a keen interest; she can throw herself into it with true enthusiasm. Although she cannot sympathise with much that her father does, and is especially distressed at his latest mania—that of dressing and working as a common field labourer, in order the more to carry out his humanitarian principles—she is devoted to his literary work, and is never so happy as when taking down from his dictation portions of his stories. Countess Tatiana, although not good-looking in the ordinary sense of the word, is a bright, intelligent-looking girl. She has never been presented at Court, and has only spent one winter in St. Petersburg, but she is thoroughly well educated, and can read, write and speak French and English fluently. Those who visit the Count at Yasnaya Poliana are mostly entertained by his eldest daughter, for his wife is very much occupied with household cares and copying out her husband's manuscripts; thus the entertaining of guests falls on the active and ever-willing Tatiana. She is the first to get up and the last to go to bed. Her brothers and sisters have nicknamed her "the guardian angel," and she is even more popular with the peasantry round Poliana than is the Count himself.

THE proceedings authorised by the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society in regard to the sale of chlorodyne and other proprietary articles containing poi on are stated by the Society's official organ to have already been productive of satisfactory results. In consequence of the action taken against large dealers, who are not registered chemists, penalties have been paid by them and they have promised not to offend again. In order to remove any misconception as to the law it is the intention of the Council to issue a circular calling attention to the danger of incurring a penalty by selling such articles, except in conformity with the provisions of the Pharmacy Act. From the report of the Society's solicitor, it appears that nine persons or firms have paid penalties and cost for selling poisons in contravention of the Act; and several other cases are standing over for hearing.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

DRESS AT COWES.

THE peculiarly picturesque quality that has characterised fashionable dress throughout this season has by no means been absent from it during Cowes week. In some instances it even reached an additional development. The elaborate toilets often seen about tea-time and after on the Castle lawns showed such ideal fabrics as crepe-de-chine embroidered in flowers, French muslins showered over with blossoms coloured after Nature's own deftly-mingled tints, and the softest of silks shot with tones that seemed to have been caught from sea and sky, and distant, hazy hill. The rage for lace seems somewhat to abate as the season fades. The number of dresses disfigured by little mounds of this trimming upon the shoulders has sensibly decreased. Fringes are coming into wear, and there is some tendency to irrelevancy in the way this graceful, swaying trimming is applied. But it is bad taste to be hypercritical where so much that is pleasant to the eye calls for notice. The white dress of a beautiful marshioness is turned back with facings of a dreamy blue, as soft in itself as it is becoming to the fair face above it. A tall and handsome countess is also in white, serge for the most part, though folds of snowy silk form the bodice, following every line of the superb figure. A severely nautical costume needs beauty of form to render it perfectly becoming, otherwise its severity is a little trying. White silk fretted with a border of white lace and bound in round the waist with a sash of palest green is the costume of a lady who watches the scene from a wicker chair in the garden. Her Tuscan hat shows the latest new trimming of black feathers, with which the wind sports rather boisterously. Feathers are, for the most part, avoided by those who "know the ropes" at Cowes week. Ribbons replace them very efficiently, and on hats are very wide and tied in a huge bow, such as is in favour this season. A costume in faintest sea-blue striped with amber is worn with a wide-brimmed Leghorn hat trimmed with a bow of mingled blue and amber. The waistcoat is in amber silk barred across with bands of the sea-blue velvet edged with a narrow galon of beads in blue and amber. The dainty chaussure consists of Russia leather strapped shoes in a tone that matches as base the tones of the amber. Through the straps are seen the stockings in a deep tone of cornflower blue, embroidered in amber and sea-blue. A delightful harmony is the characteristic of this costume, some of which seems to have been carefully matched to the grey eyes with a sunny glint of blue in them that smile from beneath the shadow of the hat-brim. Black sombre as it is in such a scene, can scarcely be found fault with when it is in fine Chantilly, through which pink silk blushes faintly. A full bodice of the pink satin-de unveils itself beneath an Eton jacket of black velvet bordered with a wide band of jet. A very pretty hat of black lace and pink velvet ribbon is worn with this.

IN THE MORNING.

In the mornings, the costumes are of the purely marine order, the large majority of them being in white serge. A coloured blouse or shirt is often worn with these. Blue, pink, yellow, green, and heliotrope are all seen in this way. Even black has its turn, though it looks a curious reversal of the common order of things to see a white coat and black shirt, even on a woman. When mourning necessitates abstention from colour, grey is often chosen, rather than black, which has a very sudden effect as contrasted with black. The coats are nearly all short, though there are several notable exceptions to this rule. The Russian blouse is in some favour, though many women owe this garment a grudge for having been the means of introducing the double skirt to fashionable wardrobes. A Russian blouse in blue and grey Galatea is worn over a skirt of the same, both quite untrimmed. A leather belt in a deep Russian tint fastens the blouse well in at the waist, and is exactly matched to the colour of the boots and the gauntlet gloves of soft, rough-surfaced kid. The sailor hat is in blue straw with a large bow in blue and buff, a mixture which re-echoes the colour-scheme of the costume without exactly slavishly repeating its notes. Another Russian blouse is in dark-blue linen over a skirt of the same. Both skirt and blouse are bordered with a wide band of cream-coloured braid, this trimming running round all the outlines of the blouse, and forming the collar. A blue rush boating hat is trimmed with a white ribbon, while the shoes and gloves are tan colour, and the belt is white, like the collar. Only the slenderest figures can wear a white belt with impunity, as it adds appreciably to the apparent size of the waist. One of the prettiest white serge costume is bordered with a band of red serge, in the bright tint of a newly-opened poppy. A line of black braid edges this trimming at either side. The coat is also bordered in the same way, though with a narrower band of red. The vest beneath is well displayed, by reason of the coat being cut away in front, as is the fashion. The vest is in a tartan pattern, in which black, white, and red are mingled with a hint of yellow, and certain lines of soft grey, that serve to artistically commingle the more pronounced colours. A black silk Swiss belt holds in the folds at the waist. The sailor hat worn with this is in rush of a deep straw colour, and the ribbon has a tartan ribbon repeating the colours of the vest. Several of the new and pretty holland dresses have been seen at Cowes. A very charming one is bordered with a little black frill peeping from under the edge of the skirt, and is worn with a black sash and a Spanish jacket of black satin and a black hat garlanded with poppies. Another has cream-coloured sleeves and front, with a sleeveless holland coat lined with pink silk. The skirt, also in holland, is bordered with a wide braid, also in cream colour. The pink silk lining sheds a faint rosy flush upon the cream silk blouse, and is supported by the pink ribbon of the black sailor hat. The variety of this headgear is great, some of the hats being ultra small and perched upon the hair rather than on the head. Others have wider brims and are worn well forward, shading the eyes. The newest are curved upward all round, but more decidedly so at the left side, where the large bow of ribbon appears to hold up the brim. Dark blue appears to be the favourite colour, and check ed ribbons repeating the tones of the dress the most favoured trimming.

EARLY RISING

Is one of the last things we should have expected that people would have found fault with on the score of its being unwholesome. "Early to bed and early to rise, &c.," has been dinned into our ears since childhood, and especially when we were extra tired and sleepy. In the life of the present day, which is lived at such "high pressure," with all its many engagements and constant hard work, it has been found that the constitution of human beings demands a certain quantity of sleep quite as much as a certain amount of food, without which the latter health suffers. It is, in fact, declared, after careful inquiry, that "at least eight out of ten persons over eighty never went to bed till well into the small hours, and did not get up again till late in the day." That early rising after going late to rest, when persisted in, tends "to exhaust physical power and shorten life" is quite probable, but I hardly think that it should be condemned wholesale. Some people really enjoy, and are the better for having, a very limited amount of sleep and getting up very early, whilst others are made positively ill when even forced to rise at an extra early hour in order to be ready for a long journey. It is really almost a constitutional matter. One thing I am quite sure is injurious to every one, and for children especially, and that is to be waked up—particularly with a start—suddenly. You will often notice that if this occurs to young children they will generally burst into tears, and no wonder. The brain receives a shock which is most harmful, and conveys it with the speed of lightning to every tender nerve of the body. As far as it is possible, children and grown-up people should be allowed to sleep until they wake naturally of themselves. That is, if you wish them to have the sleep and rest that is to be beneficial to them. Have you ever noticed a horse or a dog that is allowed very little sleep, how soon it seems to droop and get out of condition? Then why expect us, human beings, to be more able to sustain fatigue without the due amount of repose? The stupidity lies in those who have to rise early not going equally soon to rest, so as to secure the same number of hours in bed that are necessary to ensure their health. But, like little children, who cry when it is bedtime and their amusement is over, they almost seem to think themselves hardly done by if it is suggested that they should retire earlier than their companions.

PRETTY PEOPLE.

A lady corsespondent at the Cowes Regatta says:—And now having seen everybody and everything, I feel qualified to have opinions. Who do I admire most? you have asked me several times; but even now I find this a difficult question to answer. The Duchess of Leinster is more superbly beautiful than any other, and Lady Helen Vincent approaches her in splendour; but Lady Stafford's beauty goes nearer to the heart. She is so fair and fresh, so simple in her manner and in her dress. Then there is Lady Brooke, who attracts all glances wherever she may be, and who has a charm defying explanation. But I think I admire Lady Stafford most of all. Of the "debutantes" none can be named in the same breath with Lady Ulrica Duncombe; but Lady Sophie Cadogan is pretty, and Miss Muriel Wilson is exceedingly handsome. The best balls this year—I am not giving merely my own opinion on the matter—were those given by Lady Listowell (hers was the liveliest and best of all), Lady Cadogan, the Duchess of Westminster, the Duchess of Portland, Mrs. Albert Brassey, and by Mrs. Muller Mundy; and the small dances given by Lady Londonderry and by the Duchess of Abercorn were very pleasant. Lady Burton's ball was gorgeous, but the splendour was a little bit oppressive, I am told. Some good concerts were given, and I think Lady de Grey's and Mrs. Mason's were the best. The very prettiest wedding was that of Miss Queenie Filmer (now Mrs. Jack Wilson), and I should have mentioned her among the beauties. Lady Westmorland made a lovely bride, and her bridesmaids were charmingly dressed. Colonel Eaton's marriage, too, was a triumph of good arrangement. None of the garden-parties this year were quite successes, so far as I have heard or seen. But altogether it has not been such a very dull season; or perhaps it is that my capacity for enjoyment is as yet unspoilt.

MORE THAN WAS BARGAINED FOR.

"Woman" thus comments on the recent breach of promise case, in which the plaintiff was a member of the sterner sex:—"Liberty, Equality, Fraternity" is the feminine battle-cry of the day; and now the law has beamed graciously on womankind, and has said, "Quite so, dear Liberty, equality, fraternity you shall have. We will, as a preliminary, concede to you an undemanded right, and you shall, at least in the 'breach of promise' question, be placed upon a perfectly equal footing with man." The law, in the person of Mr. Justice Lawrance, having thus spoken, a Chester lady, who appeared a few days ago as defendant in a breach of promise suit, was ordered to pay £30 damages to the plaintiff, in compensation for the injury she had inflicted upon his prospects by refusing to fulfil her part of the betrothal contract. Here we have a judicial acknowledgment of an undemanded right, and we cannot help wondering whether the benevolence displayed by the law upon this occasion will be followed up by further concessions, or whether Mr. Justice Lawrance was only paying tribute to the historical demands of Leap Year. It is not the first time that a male plaintiff has been accorded damages in a breach of promise suit; and possibly former Leap Years may show records of a similar character. Should a jury come to a like decision in a year when the matrimonial question is upon its normal footing, women will have a right to discuss it freely; they might ask whether, if betrothal is a mere business contract, they have not as much claim to propose it as the "other contracting party." Some of us may feel inclined to deplore the decay of the old-world romance that we fancied still lingered between the lines of the marriage service, and that acknowledged the husband as bread-winner, the wife as helpmeet. But let us be consistent, and, if inclined to sympathise with the defeated defendant, silence our cry for an absolute equality in other respects.

LITERARY, DRAMATIC, AND MUSICAL.

SIMS REEVES' INCOME.

A CONTEMPORARY points out that Mr. Sims Reeves, being paid 30s. per hour for teaching the art of singing at the Guildhall School of Music, may earn £54 per week by teaching for six hours daily. This is true (says a London musical correspondent), but it is also true that my dear old friend could not bear the fatigue of teaching daily for six hours.

OPERATIC LOVERS AND VILLAINS.

Considering the great change and development that has taken place of late years in operatic music, I wonder (writes a London musical critic) that no enterprising composer has set aside the conventional plan of always assigning the hero's part to a tenor voice. We know by concert room experience that the most tender and passionate of love-songs can be rendered to perfection by a good baritone or bass, and some variety in the assignment of parts would not only increase the interest of the music, but allow scope for the characters to be "cast" with some little regard to suitability of appearance. If an opera company happens to posses a slim, handsome young baritone and a corpulent, elderly tenor, it would surely be more advisable for the former to be the dashing young lover and the latter the sleek, smooth-tongued villain.

KNIGHTHOOD FOR ENGLISH MUSICIANS.

The week says the last edition of the "Sunday Sun" has been made singular by the investiture of knighthood upon three English musicians. Mr. Joseph Barnby, Mr. W. G. Cusins, and Mr. Walter Parratt. All these men have been thus honoured, and there are few who will grudge them their titles. Mr. Barnby will accordingly begin his duties as Principals of the Guildhall School of Music as Sir Joseph, and the recognition of his musical abilities will find response in the heart of every music lover in the metropolis. Mr. Barnby has worked long and arduously as a musician, and his position as conductor of the Royal Choral Society places him among the foremost musicians of this country. Mr. W. G. Cusins, as is well known, is the Master of Her Majesty's Music, and has had control of the State concerts for some long time back. He was also for a lengthy period a conductor of the Philharmonic Society, but his "baton" of late years has been chiefly seen at the Saraeate concerts. Mr. Cusins is a fairly prolific composer, his best efforts having been directed towards the enrichment of the list of chamber music written by native composers. In this department Mr. Cusins has obtained an occasional success. Mr. Walter Parratt is hardly known to Londoners. He is at present organist of Her Majesty's Chapel Royal, and in this capacity he has assisted at most of the royal functions at Windsor, his last prominent appearance being on the occasion of the funeral of the late Duke of Clarence. Mr. Parratt has also written a fair amount of church music, but in this he differs not at all from the majority of beneficed organists. There is, of course, no case on record in which honours have been apportioned to the members of any special branch of activity without some conspicuous omissions. It can hardly be said in the present instance that knighthood has gone exclusively to those most eminent in their profession. One cannot think of conductors without instinctively recalling the names of Mr. August Manns, Mr. Cowen and Mr. Henschel; while among musicians of great creative ability, there is certainly no one deserving of such honour as Dr. Hubert Parry. The reason for conferring the honour of knighthood upon two out of three of these recent recipients must be discovered in the circumstance of their familiarity with the presence of Royalty.

ILL SERVED.

It is many years since London has been so ill served in the matter of light opera as at the present moment. With the withdrawal of "The Mountebanks" from the Lyric Theatre, the last of the comic operas recently produced, has accomplished its "run." Managers are, however, making their preparations for more than one comic opera in the autumn, the first of the new works being "The Wedding Eve" at the new Trafalgar-square Theatre in about a month. The new version of "La Veillee des Noces" is based upon an operetta entitled "Le Meristier de Guignolet," produced in Brussels seven years ago. The story turns upon the adventures of an unprincipled steward, who falls in love with a rich smuggler's daughter, the young lady being already engaged to a young peasant. Everything is in readiness for the marriage, but during the watch night ceremony the young peasant enters as a fortune-teller, and foretells that the pretty Jeannette will be married twice, her first husband being doomed to die within three months of the marriage day. This is quite sufficient for the elderly amorous steward, and he gives up all pretension to the blushing bride, drily remarking that as he can afford to wait three months, he would prefer to be the lady's second husband. The motive of the story is somewhat slight, but it served its purpose in the original, which was an amusing example of the ephemeral "opera bouffe." Miss Decima Moore, will be the "leading lady."

GAGGING.

Mr. W. S. Gilbert was present at the last performance of "The Mountebanks." The most arbitrary of authors, Mr. Gilbert is, not unjustifiably of opinion that his work has not improved by that process of accretion that is known as "gagging" and he has a habit of popping in at performances—to say nothing of his regular attendance at rehearsals—to see that the actors adhere strictly to his text. The next production at the Lyric will be Mr. F. C. Burnand's version of "Le Coeur et la Main" (a comic opera which has been a long time crossing the Channel), in which a new American singer, Miss Sedalie Rhodes, will take the leading part. It will be remarked that the odd Christian name adopted by Miss Rhodes is simply her surname spelt backwards.

MISS GENEVIEVE WARD.

Mr. Henry Irving's announcement on the last night of the season that Miss Genevieve Ward had been engaged to play Goneril in "King Lear" had long before been anticipated. It is now currently reported that the part of the Fool will be played at the Lyceum by a woman, but this is incorrect, though the part was last played by a woman (Miss Maria Harris) when the piece was produced by Phelps at the Princess's. The part in the Lyceum revival will be assigned to Mr. Gilbert Hare, son of the manager of the Garrick Theatre. It is worthy of note that when the piece given by Charles Kean at the Princess's in 1858, Miss Kate Terry played the part of Cordelia, in which her sister will appear at the Lyceum.

FANNY KEMBLE.

Miss Fanny Kemble, some readers to whom her professional fame is but a memory without the childhood may be surprised to hear, is still in the flesh. She is living, "the world forgetting and by the world forgot," only about thirty miles from London, at the pretty village of Limpsfield, in Surrey. Here one of the brilliant actress's daughters, who married Canon Leigh, takes loving care of her eighty-two years. The Bower, the name of Miss Kemble's retreat, is delightfully old-fashioned, with low ceilings and large chimney corners.

Miss Fanny Kemble—it is difficult to use the name of her late husband, Mr. Butler—was always deeply religious, and in her declining years she has found her greatest pleasure in having the Bible read to her. She now seldom reads anything else, and never writes a letter with her own hand except to her daughter in Philadelphia, when it is guided by Mrs. Leigh. During the summer she takes a drive in the brougham, and occasionally on very fine days in Mrs. Leigh's pony-chaise. The beautiful faces of Juliet and Ophelia has become drawn and haggard, and the once bright intellect now retains little recollection of the actress's triumphs in these great characters.

PATTI'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

Madame Adelina Patti is engaged on her autobiograpuy, which will appear at the same time in London, Paris, and Milan. The great vocalist's husband, Signor Nicolini, will assist, and the work will be something after the style of Mr. and Mrs. Bancroft's reminiscences of theatrical life. There have, of course, been many previous Lives of Madame Patti, but all are more or less compilations of newspaper interviews, anecdotes, and reports of operatic and concert performances.

BELIED ITS TITLE.

The porject for turning the Royal English Opera House, which so soon belied its title (through no fault of Mr. D'Oyly Carte's) into a music-hall, was hardly started before the plans were prepared for building a new opera house, to be opened under the direction of Signor Lago. The site chosen for the new opera house is in old Scotland-yard, the former quarters of the police, who have now, by a curious freak of fate, their head-quarters on the very spot where Mr. Mapleson began to build a Grand Opera House and National School of Ballet. Dancing some years ago. The New Opera House—as it will probability be called—will be devoted exclusively to the performance of grand opera, which it is proposed to "run" all through the year.

SIGNOR FOLI.

Signor Foli has just concluded a very successful series of concerts in Melbourne. On the first Sunday of July he took part in the musical rendering of the Mass in St. Patrick's R. C. Cathedral in the presence of the Archbishop of Melbourne and a densely crowded congregation. His singing of the offertory piece, Mozart's "Within this Holy Temple," is said to have been superb.

"THE BARONESS"

"The Baroness" is the title of a comic opera by Mr. Cotsford Dick, which is to be produced at the Royalty next month, when a season of comic opera, such as we have not had for many years, will begin. Besides Mr. F. C. Burnand's version of "La Coeur et la Main," which is to be called "Charming (by the author—who may be, we hope, only anticipating the public here will be Mr. William Yardley's adaptation of "La Veillee des Noces," of which the English title, "The Wedding Eve," is, of course, far from a literal translation, and the Grundy and Sullivan comic opera at the Savoy. A revival of Offenbach's opera, "La Grande Duchesse," will probably be the first production of the Shaftesbury Theatre Syndicate.

"THE ANTIPODEAN."

It is announced that the first number of the "Antipodean," the new monthly to be issued simultaneously in London and Australia, whose advent we recently mentioned, will contain an article on "Black Labor," by Sir Samuel Griffith, the Premier of Queensland, and a chapter of autobiography by Sir Henry Parkes, under the title of "Some Recollections." Sir Henry's reminiscences in two volumes are in the press, and their publication is expected in October. They will contain a correspondence with Carlyle extending over a period of thirty years. According to a Sydney journal, Sir Henry is sanguine of netting £8,000 by this book.

SIX AND HALF A DOZEN.

A French newspaper, "La Marseillaise," announces that Mr. Gladstone has been staying in the country "chez son ami M. Stuart, a Rengali." This intelligent paper has vivisected Mr. Stuart Rendel's name. It leaves him the first part but transforms the second into a place called Rengall. This is not worse than the London papers who turn regularly to make two out of Mr. Chauncey Depew, the well-known American railroad man, when he came to London, and serve him up as M. Chauncey and Mr. Depew.

A NICE POINT.

"Should actors marry actresses?" would make a lively subject for discussion in the theatrical journals during the silly season. Whether they should or should not, they seem to delight in doing so. Mr. Ben Webster was married to Miss May Whitty. Now Mr. Seymour Hicks is to be married to Miss Violet Vanbrugh. Mr. Hicks, who won his spurs in America when he was a member of Mrs. Kendal's company, has come to the front in "Walker, London," and doubtless